

CD33 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP73767

Product Information

Application WB
Primary Accession P20138
Reactivity Human
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 39825

Additional Information

Gene ID 945

Other Names CD33; SIGLEC3; Myeloid cell surface antigen CD33; Sialic acid-binding Ig-like

lectin 3; Siglec-3; gp67; CD33

Dilution WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other

applications.

Format Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium

azide.

Storage Conditions -20°C

Protein Information

Name CD33

Synonyms SIGLEC3

Function Sialic-acid-binding immunoglobulin-like lectin (Siglec) that plays a role in mediating cell-cell interactions and in maintaining immune cells in a resting

state (PubMed:10611343, PubMed:11320212, PubMed:15597323). Preferentially recognizes and binds alpha-2,3- and more avidly alpha-2,6-linked sialic acid-bearing glycans (PubMed:7718872). Upon engagement of ligands such as C1q or syalylated glycoproteins, two immunoreceptor tyrosine-based inhibitory motifs (ITIMs) located in CD33 cytoplasmic tail are phosphorylated by Src-like kinases such as LCK

(PubMed: 10887109, PubMed: 28325905). These phosphorylations provide docking sites for the recruitment and activation of protein-tyrosine phosphatases PTPN6/SHP-1 and PTPN11/SHP-2 (PubMed: 10206955,

PubMed: 10556798, PubMed: 10887109). In turn, these phosphatases regulate downstream pathways through dephosphorylation of signaling molecules (PubMed: 10206955, PubMed: 10887109). One of the repressive effect of CD33

on monocyte activation requires phosphoinositide 3-kinase/PI3K

(PubMed: 15597323).

Cellular Location [Isoform CD33M]: Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein

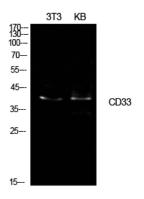
Tissue Location Monocytic/myeloid lineage cells. In the brain, CD33 is mainly expressed on

microglial cells

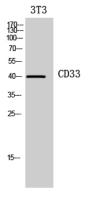
Background

Sialic-acid-binding immunoglobulin-like lectin (Siglec) that plays a role in mediating cell-cell interactions and in maintaining immune cells in a resting state (PubMed:10611343, PubMed:15597323, PubMed:11320212). Preferentially recognizes and binds alpha-2,3- and more avidly alpha-2,6-linked sialic acid- bearing glycans (PubMed:7718872). Upon engagement of ligands such as C1q or syalylated glycoproteins, two immunoreceptor tyrosine- based inhibitory motifs (ITIMs) located in CD33 cytoplasmic tail are phosphorylated by Src-like kinases such as LCK (PubMed:28325905, PubMed:10887109). These phosphorylations provide docking sites for the recruitment and activation of protein- tyrosine phosphatases PTPN6/SHP-1 and PTPN11/SHP-2 (PubMed:10556798, PubMed:10206955, PubMed:10887109). In turn, these phosphatases regulate downstream pathways through dephosphorylation of signaling molecules (PubMed:10206955, PubMed:10887109). One of the repressive effect of CD33 on monocyte activation requires phosphoinositide 3-kinase/PI3K (PubMed:15597323).

Images



Western Blot analysis of NIH-3T3, KB cells using CD33 Polyclonal Antibody.. Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:20000



Western Blot analysis of 3T3 cells using CD33 Polyclonal Antibody. Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:20000

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