

Synuclein- α Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP73914

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, IF, ICC, E
Primary Accession	P37840
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	14460

Additional Information

Gene ID	6622
Other Names	SNCA; NACP; PARK1; Alpha-synuclein; Non-A beta component of AD amyloid; Non-A4 component of amyloid precursor; NACP
Dilution	WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. IHC-p: 1:100-1:300. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other applications. IHC-P~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. IHC-p: 1:100-1:300. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other applications. IF~~1:50~200 ICC~~N/A E~~N/A
Format	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.
Storage Conditions	-20°C

Protein Information

Name	SNCA
Synonyms	NACP, PARK1
Function	Neuronal protein that plays several roles in synaptic activity such as regulation of synaptic vesicle trafficking and subsequent neurotransmitter release (PubMed: 20798282 , PubMed: 26442590 , PubMed: 28288128 , PubMed: 30404828). Participates as a monomer in synaptic vesicle exocytosis by enhancing vesicle priming, fusion and dilation of exocytotic fusion pores (PubMed: 28288128 , PubMed: 30404828). Mechanistically, acts by increasing local Ca(2+) release from microdomains which is essential for the enhancement of ATP-induced exocytosis (PubMed: 30404828). Also acts as a molecular chaperone in its multimeric membrane-bound state, assisting in the folding of synaptic fusion components called SNAREs (Soluble NSF Attachment Protein REceptors) at presynaptic plasma membrane in conjunction with cysteine string protein-alpha/DNAJC5 (PubMed: 20798282). This chaperone activity is important to sustain normal SNARE-complex

assembly during aging (PubMed:[20798282](#)). Also plays a role in the regulation of the dopamine neurotransmission by associating with the dopamine transporter (DAT1) and thereby modulating its activity (PubMed:[26442590](#)).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Membrane Nucleus Synapse. Secreted. Cell projection, axon {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O55042}. Note=Membrane-bound in dopaminergic neurons (PubMed:15282274). Expressed and colocalized with SEPTIN4 in dopaminergic axon terminals, especially at the varicosities (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O55042, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15282274}

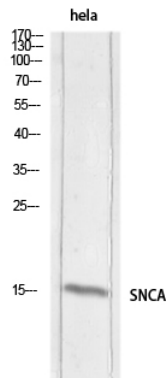
Tissue Location

Highly expressed in presynaptic terminals in the central nervous system. Expressed principally in brain

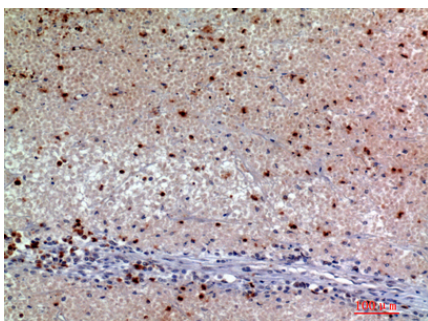
Background

Neuronal protein that plays several roles in synaptic activity such as regulation of synaptic vesicle trafficking and subsequent neurotransmitter release. Participates as a monomer in synaptic vesicle exocytosis by enhancing vesicle priming, fusion and dilation of exocytotic fusion pores (PubMed:[28288128](#), PubMed:[30404828](#)). Mechanistically, acts by increasing local Ca^{2+} release from microdomains which is essential for the enhancement of ATP-induced exocytosis (PubMed:[30404828](#)). Acts also as a molecular chaperone in its multimeric membrane-bound state, assisting in the folding of synaptic fusion components called SNAREs (Soluble NSF Attachment Protein REceptors) at presynaptic plasma membrane in conjunction with cysteine string protein- α /DNAJC5 (PubMed:[20798282](#)). This chaperone activity is important to sustain normal SNARE-complex assembly during aging (PubMed:[20798282](#)). Plays also a role in the regulation of the dopamine neurotransmission by associating with the dopamine transporter (DAT1) and thereby modulating its activity (PubMed:[26442590](#)).

Images

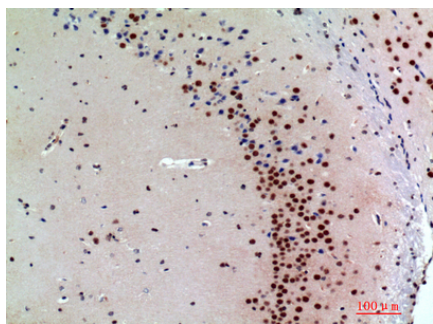


Western blot analysis of hela lysis using SNCA antibody..
Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:20000



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human-kidneycancer, antibody was diluted at 1:200

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded mouse-brain, antibody was diluted at 1:200



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