

Caspase-1 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP73926

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, IF
Primary Accession	P29466
Reactivity	Human, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	45159

Additional Information

Gene ID	834
Other Names	caspase 1, apoptosis-related cysteine peptidase (interleukin 1, beta, convertase)
Dilution	WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~N/A IF~~IF: 1:50-200 WB 1:500-2000, IHC 1:50-300, ELISA 1:10000-20000
Format	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.
Storage Conditions	-20°C

Protein Information

Name	CASP1
Synonyms	IL1BC, IL1BCE
Function	<p>Thiol protease involved in a variety of inflammatory processes by proteolytically cleaving other proteins, such as the precursors of the inflammatory cytokines interleukin-1 beta (IL1B) and interleukin 18 (IL18) as well as the pyroptosis inducer Gasdermin-D (GSDMD), into active mature peptides (PubMed:15326478, PubMed:15498465, PubMed:1574116, PubMed:26375003, PubMed:32051255, PubMed:37993714, PubMed:7876192, PubMed:9334240). Plays a key role in cell immunity as an inflammatory response initiator: once activated through formation of an inflammasome complex, it initiates a pro-inflammatory response through the cleavage of the two inflammatory cytokines IL1B and IL18, releasing the mature cytokines which are involved in a variety of inflammatory processes (PubMed:15326478, PubMed:15498465, PubMed:1574116, PubMed:32051255, PubMed:7876192). Cleaves a tetrapeptide after an Asp residue at position P1 (PubMed:15498465, PubMed:1574116, PubMed:7876192). Also initiates pyroptosis, a programmed lytic cell death pathway, through cleavage of GSDMD (PubMed:26375003). In</p>

contrast to cleavage of interleukin IL1B, recognition and cleavage of GSDMD is not strictly dependent on the consensus cleavage site but depends on an exosite interface on CASP1 that recognizes and binds the Gasdermin-D, C-terminal (GSDMD-CT) part (PubMed:[32051255](#), PubMed:[32109412](#), PubMed:[32553275](#)). Cleaves and activates CASP7 in response to bacterial infection, promoting plasma membrane repair (PubMed:[22464733](#)). Upon inflammasome activation, during DNA virus infection but not RNA virus challenge, controls antiviral immunity through the cleavage of CGAS, rendering it inactive (PubMed:[28314590](#)). In apoptotic cells, cleaves SPHK2 which is released from cells and remains enzymatically active extracellularly (PubMed:[20197547](#)).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Cell membrane

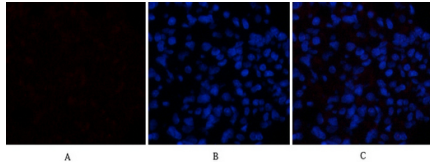
Tissue Location

Expressed in larger amounts in spleen and lung. Detected in liver, heart, small intestine, colon, thymus, prostate, skeletal muscle, peripheral blood leukocytes, kidney and testis. No expression in the brain.

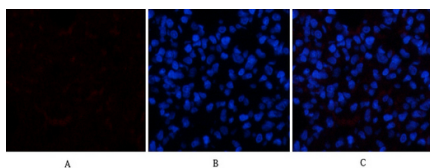
Background

Thiol protease that cleaves IL-1 beta between an Asp and an Ala, releasing the mature cytokine which is involved in a variety of inflammatory processes. Important for defense against pathogens. Cleaves and activates sterol regulatory element binding proteins (SREBPs). Can also promote apoptosis. Upon inflammasome activation, during DNA virus infection but not RNA virus challenge, controls antiviral immunity through the cleavage of CGAS, rendering it inactive (PubMed:[28314590](#)).

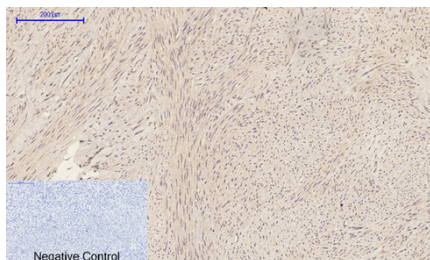
Images



Immunofluorescence analysis of rat-lung tissue. 1, Caspase-1 Polyclonal Antibody (red) was diluted at 1:200 (4°C, overnight). 2, Cy3 labeled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300 (room temperature, 50min). 3, Picture B: DAPI (blue) 10min. Picture A: Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B

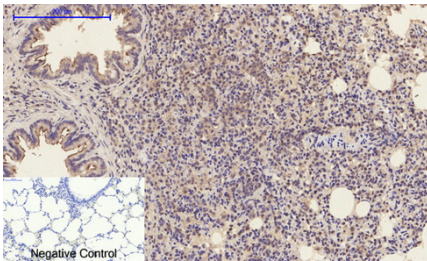


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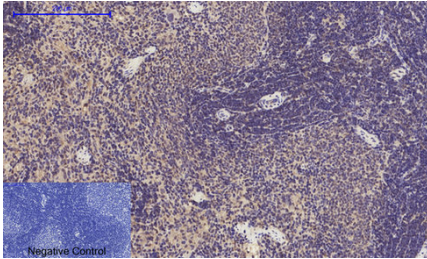


Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human-uterus tissue. 1, Caspase-1 Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200 (4°C, overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval (>98°C, 20min). 3, Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200 (room temperature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.

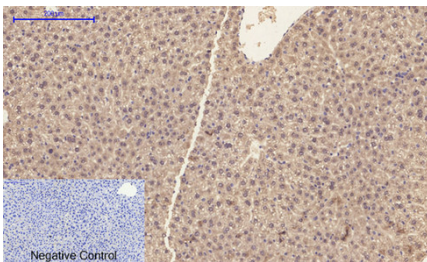
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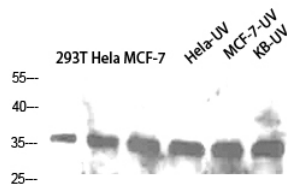
secondary antibody only.



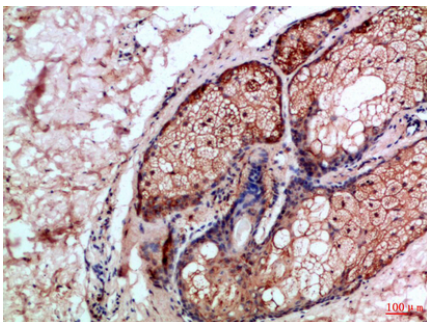
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Rat-spleen tissue. 1,Caspase-1 Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval(>98°C,20min). 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



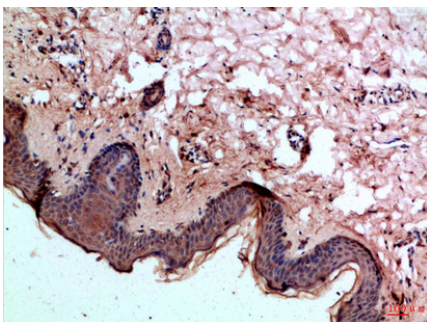
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Mouse-liver tissue. 1,Caspase-1 Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval(>98°C,20min). 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



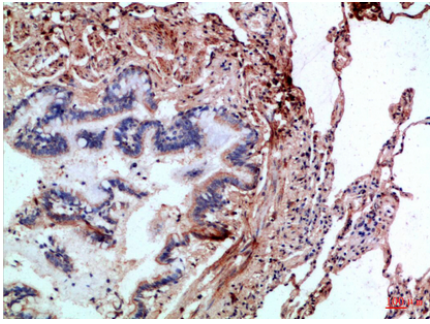
Western Blot analysis of 293T HeLa MCF-7 HeLa-UV MCF-7-UV KB-UV cells using Caspase-1 Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:1000. Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:20000



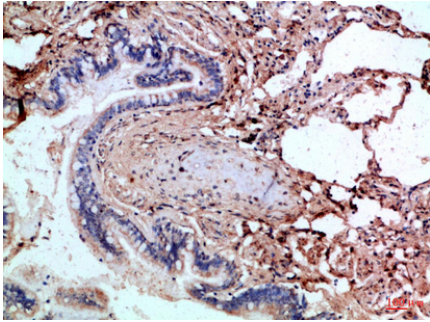
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human-skin, antibody was diluted at 1:100



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human-skin, antibody was diluted at 1:100



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human-lung, antibody was diluted at 1:100



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human-lung, antibody was diluted at 1:100

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.