

Hamartin Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP73943

Product Information

Application WB
Primary Accession Q92574
Reactivity Human
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 129767

Additional Information

Gene ID 7248

Other Names tuberous sclerosis 1

Dilution WB~~WB 1:500-2000, ELISA 1:10000-20000

Format Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium

azide.

Storage Conditions -20°C

Protein Information

Name TSC1 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:9242607, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:12362}

Function Non-catalytic component of the TSC-TBC complex, a multiprotein complex

that acts as a negative regulator of the canonical mTORC1 complex, an evolutionarily conserved central nutrient sensor that stimulates anabolic reactions and macromolecule biosynthesis to promote cellular biomass

generation and growth (PubMed:<u>12172553</u>, PubMed:<u>12271141</u>, PubMed:<u>12906785</u>, PubMed:<u>15340059</u>, PubMed:<u>24529379</u>,

PubMed:<u>28215400</u>). The TSC-TBC complex acts as a GTPase-activating protein (GAP) for the small GTPase RHEB, a direct activator of the protein kinase

activity of mTORC1 (PubMed: 12906785, PubMed: 15340059,

PubMed: 24529379). In absence of nutrients, the TSC-TBC complex inhibits mTORC1, thereby preventing phosphorylation of ribosomal protein S6 kinase (RPS6KB1 and RPS6KB2) and EIF4EBP1 (4E-BP1) by the mTORC1 signaling

(PubMed:12271141, PubMed:24529379, PubMed:28215400,

PubMed:33215753). The TSC-TBC complex is inactivated in response to

nutrients, relieving inhibition of mTORC1 (PubMed: 12172553,

PubMed: 24529379). Within the TSC-TBC complex, TSC1 stabilizes TSC2 and prevents TSC2 self-aggregation (PubMed: 10585443, PubMed: 28215400). Acts as a tumor suppressor (PubMed: 9242607). Involved in microtubule-mediated protein transport via its ability to regulate mTORC1 signaling (By similarity).

Also acts as a co-chaperone for HSP90AA1 facilitating HSP90AA1 chaperoning of protein clients such as kinases, TSC2 and glucocorticoid receptor NR3C1 (PubMed:29127155). Increases ATP binding to HSP90AA1 and inhibits HSP90AA1 ATPase activity (PubMed:29127155). Competes with the activating co-chaperone AHSA1 for binding to HSP90AA1, thereby providing a reciprocal regulatory mechanism for chaperoning of client proteins (PubMed:29127155). Recruits TSC2 to HSP90AA1 and stabilizes TSC2 by preventing the interaction between TSC2 and ubiquitin ligase HERC1 (PubMed:16464865, PubMed:29127155).

Cellular Location

Lysosome membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Cytoplasm, cytosol Note=Recruited to lysosomal membranes in a RHEB-dependent process in absence of nutrients (PubMed:24529379). In response to nutrients, the complex dissociates from lysosomal membranes and relocalizes to the cytosol (PubMed:24529379).

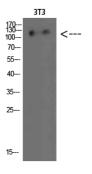
Tissue Location

Highly expressed in skeletal muscle, followed by heart, brain, placenta, pancreas, lung, liver and kidney (PubMed:9242607). Also expressed in embryonic kidney cells (PubMed:9242607).

Background

In complex with TSC2, inhibits the nutrient-mediated or growth factor-stimulated phosphorylation of S6K1 and EIF4EBP1 by negatively regulating mTORC1 signaling (PubMed:12271141, PubMed:28215400). Seems not to be required for TSC2 GAP activity towards RHEB (PubMed:15340059). Implicated as a tumor suppressor. Involved in microtubule-mediated protein transport, but this seems to be due to unregulated mTOR signaling (By similarity). Acts as a co-chaperone for HSP90AA1 facilitating HSP90AA1 chaperoning of protein clients such as kinases, TSC2 and glucocorticoid receptor NR3C1 (PubMed:29127155). Increases ATP binding to HSP90AA1 and inhibits HSP90AA1 ATPase activity (PubMed:29127155). Competes with the activating co-chaperone AHSA1 for binding to HSP90AA1, thereby providing a reciprocal regulatory mechanism for chaperoning of client proteins (PubMed:29127155). Recruits TSC2 to HSP90AA1 and stabilizes TSC2 by preventing the interaction between TSC2 and ubiquitin ligase HERC1 (PubMed:16464865, PubMed:29127155).

Images



Western Blot analysis of 3T3 cells using Hamartin Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:500. Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:20000

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