

EGF Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP74063

Product Information

| Application | WB, IHC-P |
|-------------------|---------------|
| Primary Accession | <u>P01133</u> |
| Reactivity | Human |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Calculated MW | 133994 |

Additional Information

| Gene ID | 1950 |
|--------------------|--|
| Other Names | Pro-epidermal growth factor (EGF) [Cleaved into: Epidermal growth factor (Urogastrone)] |
| Dilution | WB~~WB 1:500-2000,IHC-p 1:500-200, ELISA 1:10000-20000 IHC-P~~N/A |
| Format | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. |
| Storage Conditions | -20°C |

Protein Information

| Name | EGF |
|-------------------|---|
| Function | EGF stimulates the growth of various epidermal and epithelial tissues in vivo and in vitro and of some fibroblasts in cell culture. Magnesiotropic hormone that stimulates magnesium reabsorption in the renal distal convoluted tubule via engagement of EGFR and activation of the magnesium channel TRPM6. Can induce neurite outgrowth in motoneurons of the pond snail Lymnaea stagnalis in vitro (PubMed: <u>10964941</u>). |
| Cellular Location | Membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. |
| Tissue Location | Expressed in kidney, salivary gland, cerebrum and prostate. |

Background

EGF stimulates the growth of various epidermal and epithelial tissues in vivo and in vitro and of some fibroblasts in cell culture. Magnesiotropic hormone that stimulates magnesium reabsorption in the renal distal convoluted tubule via engagement of EGFR and activation of the magnesium channel TRPM6. Can induce neurite outgrowth in motoneurons of the pond snail Lymnaea stagnalis in vitro

Images



Western blot analysis of 293T mouse-kidney lysate, antibody was diluted at 2000. Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:20000



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human-kidney-cancer, antibody was diluted at 1:200

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human-kidney-cancer, antibody was diluted at 1:200

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human-stomach-cancer, antibody was diluted at 1:200

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human skin. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4°,overnight). 2, High-pressure and temperature EDTA, pH8.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 30min). Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human skin. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4°, overnight). 2, High-pressure and temperature EDTA, pH8.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3, Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 30min).

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human skin. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4°, overnight). 2, High-pressure and temperature EDTA, pH8.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3, Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 30min).

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human gastric cancer. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:100(4°, overnight). 2, High-pressure and temperature EDTA, pH8.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3, Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 30min).

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human gastric cancer. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:100(4°, overnight). 2, High-pressure and temperature EDTA, pH8.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3, Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 30min).

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human gastric cancer. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:100(4°, overnight). 2, High-pressure and temperature EDTA, pH8.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3, Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 30min).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.







