

# IFN-α/βRα Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP74089

#### **Product Information**

Application IHC-P
Primary Accession P17181
Reactivity Human
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 63525

#### **Additional Information**

Gene ID 3454

Other Names Interferon alpha/beta receptor 1 (IFN-R-1) (IFN-alpha/beta receptor 1)

(Cytokine receptor class-II member 1) (Cytokine receptor family 2 member 1)

(CRF2-1) (Type I interferon receptor 1)

**Dilution** IHC-P~~IHC-p 1:50-200, ELISA 1:10000-20000

Format Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium

azide.

Storage Conditions -20°C

#### **Protein Information**

Name IFNAR1

Synonyms IFNAR

**Function** Together with IFNAR2, forms the heterodimeric receptor for type I

interferons (including interferons alpha, beta, epsilon, omega and kappa)

(PubMed: 10049744, PubMed: 14532120, PubMed: 15337770,

PubMed:2153461, PubMed:21854986, PubMed:24075985, PubMed:31270247, PubMed:33252644, PubMed:35442418, PubMed:7813427). Type I interferon binding activates the JAK-STAT signaling cascade, resulting in transcriptional activation or repression of interferon-regulated genes that encode the effectors of the interferon response (PubMed:10049744, PubMed:21854986, PubMed:7665574). Mechanistically, type I interferon- binding brings the IFNAR1 and IFNAR2 subunits into close proximity with one another, driving their associated Janus kinases (JAKs) (TYK2 bound to IFNAR1 and JAK1 bound

to IFNAR2) to cross-phosphorylate one another (PubMed:<u>21854986</u>, PubMed:<u>32972995</u>, PubMed:<u>7665574</u>, PubMed:<u>7813427</u>). The activated kinases phosphorylate specific tyrosine residues on the intracellular domains of IFNAR1 and IFNAR2, forming docking sites for the STAT transcription

factors (PubMed: 21854986, PubMed: 32972995, PubMed: 7526154, PubMed: 7665574, PubMed: 7813427). STAT proteins are then phosphorylated by the JAKs, promoting their translocation into the nucleus to regulate expression of interferon-regulated genes (PubMed: 19561067, PubMed: 21854986, PubMed: 32972995, PubMed: 7665574, PubMed: 7813427, PubMed: 9121453). Can also act independently of IFNAR2: form an active IFNB1 receptor by itself and activate a signaling cascade that does not involve activation of the JAK-STAT pathway (By similarity).

**Cellular Location** 

[Isoform 1]: Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Late endosome. Lysosome. Note=Interferon binding triggers internalization of the receptor from the cell membrane into endosomes and then into lysosomes.

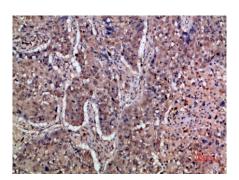
**Tissue Location** 

IFN receptors are present in all tissues and even on the surface of most IFN-resistant cells. Isoform 1, isoform 2 and isoform 3 are expressed in the IFN-alpha sensitive myeloma cell line U266B1. Isoform 2 and isoform 3 are expressed in the IFN-alpha resistant myeloma cell line U266R. Isoform 1 is not expressed in IFN- alpha resistant myeloma cell line U266R.

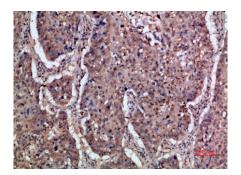
## **Background**

Component of the receptor for type I interferons, including interferons alpha, IFNB1 and IFNW1 (PubMed:<u>153461</u>, PubMed:<u>7665574</u>, PubMed:<u>10049744</u>, PubMed:<u>14532120</u>, PubMed:<u>15337770</u>, PubMed:<u>21854986</u>). Functions in general as heterodimer with IFNAR2 (PubMed:<u>7665574</u>, PubMed:<u>10049744</u>, PubMed:<u>21854986</u>). Type I interferon binding activates the JAK-STAT signaling cascade, and triggers tyrosine phosphorylation of a number of proteins including JAKs, TYK2, STAT proteins and the IFNR alpha- and beta- subunits themselves (PubMed:<u>7665574</u>, PubMed:<u>21854986</u>). Can form an active IFNB1 receptor by itself and activate a signaling cascade that does not involve activation of the JAK-STAT pathway (By similarity).

### **Images**



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human-lung-cancer, antibody was diluted at 1:200



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human-lung-cancer, antibody was diluted at 1:200

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