

# MIP-5 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP74143

## Product Information

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<b>Application</b>	IHC-P
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">Q16663</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Calculated MW</b>	12236

## Additional Information

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<b>Gene ID</b>	6359
<b>Other Names</b>	C-C motif chemokine 15 (Chemokine CC-2) (HCC-2) (Leukotactin-1) (LKN-1) (MIP-1 delta) (Macrophage inflammatory protein 5) (MIP-5) (Mrp-2b) (NCC-3) (Small-inducible cytokine A15) [Cleaved into: CCL15(22-92); CCL15(25-92); CCL15(29-92)]
<b>Dilution</b>	IHC-P~~IHC-p 1:50-200, ELISA 1:10000-20000
<b>Format</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.
<b>Storage Conditions</b>	-20°C

## Protein Information

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<b>Name</b>	CCL15
<b>Synonyms</b>	MIP5, NCC3, SCYA15
<b>Function</b>	Chemotactic factor that attracts T-cells and monocytes, but not neutrophils, eosinophils, or B-cells. Acts mainly via CC chemokine receptor CCR1. Also binds to CCR3. CCL15(22-92), CCL15(25-92) and CCL15(29-92) are more potent chemoattractants than the CCL15.
<b>Cellular Location</b>	Secreted.
<b>Tissue Location</b>	Most abundant in heart, skeletal muscle and adrenal gland. Lower levels in placenta, liver, pancreas and bone marrow CCL15(22-92), CCL15(25-92) and CCL15(29-92) are found in high levels in synovial fluids from rheumatoid patients.

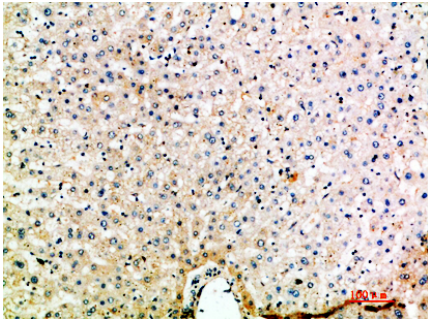
## Background

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Chemotactic factor that attracts T-cells and monocytes, but not neutrophils, eosinophils, or B-cells. Acts mainly via CC chemokine receptor CCR1. Also binds to CCR3. CCL15(22-92), CCL15(25-92) and CCL15(29-92) are more potent chemoattractants than the small-inducible cytokine A15.

## Images

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Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human-liver, antibody was diluted at 1:200

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.