

PBP Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP74146

Product Information

Application	IHC-P
Primary Accession	P02775
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	13894

Additional Information

Gene ID	5473
Other Names	Platelet basic protein (PBP) (C-X-C motif chemokine 7) (Leukocyte-derived growth factor) (LDGF) (Macrophage-derived growth factor) (MDGF) (Small-inducible cytokine B7) [Cleaved into: Connective tissue-activating peptide III (CTAP-III) (LA-PF4) (Low-affinity platelet factor IV); TC-2; Connective tissue-activating peptide III(1-81) (CTAP-III(1-81)); Beta-thromboglobulin (Beta-TG); Neutrophil-activating peptide 2(74) (NAP-2(74)); Neutrophil-activating peptide 2(73) (NAP-2(73)); Neutrophil-activating peptide 2 (NAP-2); TC-1; Neutrophil-activating peptide 2(1-66) (NAP-2(1-66)); Neutrophil-activating peptide 2(1-63) (NAP-2(1-63))]
Dilution	IHC-P~~IHC-p 1:50-200, ELISA 1:10000-20000
Format	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.
Storage Conditions	-20°C

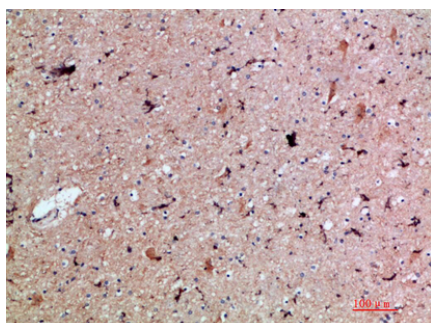
Protein Information

Name	PPBP
Synonyms	CTAP3, CXCL7, SCYB7, TGB1, THBGB1
Function	LA-PF4 stimulates DNA synthesis, mitosis, glycolysis, intracellular cAMP accumulation, prostaglandin E2 secretion, and synthesis of hyaluronic acid and sulfated glycosaminoglycan. It also stimulates the formation and secretion of plasminogen activator by human synovial cells. NAP-2 is a ligand for CXCR1 and CXCR2, and NAP-2, NAP-2(73), NAP-2(74), NAP-2(1-66), and most potent NAP-2(1-63) are chemoattractants and activators for neutrophils. TC-1 and TC-2 are antibacterial proteins, in vitro released from activated platelet alpha-granules. CTAP-III(1-81) is more potent than CTAP-III desensitize chemokine-induced neutrophil activation.

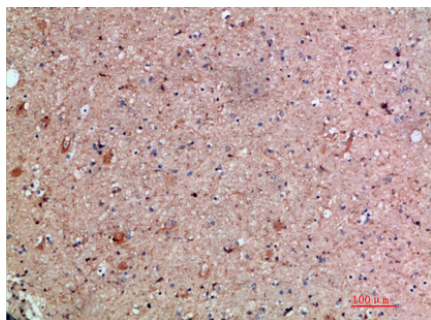
Background

LA-PF4 stimulates DNA synthesis, mitosis, glycolysis, intracellular cAMP accumulation, prostaglandin E2 secretion, and synthesis of hyaluronic acid and sulfated glycosaminoglycan. It also stimulates the formation and secretion of plasminogen activator by human synovial cells. NAP-2 is a ligand for CXCR1 and CXCR2, and NAP-2, NAP-2(73), NAP-2(74), NAP-2(1-66), and most potent NAP-2(1-63) are chemoattractants and activators for neutrophils. TC-1 and TC-2 are antibacterial proteins, in vitro released from activated platelet alpha-granules. CTAP-III(1-81) is more potent than CTAP-III desensitize chemokine-induced neutrophil activation.

Images



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human-brain, antibody was diluted at 1:200



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human-brain, antibody was diluted at 1:200

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.