

Vinculin Antibody (C-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP7426b

Product Information

Application	WB, E
Primary Accession	<u>P18206</u>
Other Accession	<u>P85972, P26234, Q64727, P12003</u>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Predicted	Rat, Pig, Chicken
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clone Names	RB16690
Calculated MW	123799
Antigen Region	1012-1039

Additional Information

Gene ID	7414
Other Names	Vinculin, Metavinculin, MV, VCL
Target/Specificity	This VINC antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 1012-1039 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human VINC.
Dilution	WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	Vinculin Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	VCL
Function	Actin filament (F-actin)-binding protein involved in cell- matrix adhesion and cell-cell adhesion. Regulates cell-surface E- cadherin expression and potentiates mechanosensing by the E-cadherin complex. May also play

	important roles in cell morphology and locomotion.
Cellular Location	Cell membrane {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P12003}; Peripheral membrane protein {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P12003}; Cytoplasmic side {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P12003}. Cell junction, adherens junction {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P12003}. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P12003}. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P85972}. Cell membrane, sarcolemma {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q64727}; Peripheral membrane protein {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q64727}. Cell projection, podosome {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q64727}. Note=Recruitment to cell-cell junctions occurs in a myosin II-dependent manner. Interaction with CTNNB1 is necessary for its localization to the cell-cell junctions {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P12003}
Tissue Location	Metavinculin is muscle-specific.

Background

VINC is a cytoskeletal protein associated with cell-cell and cell-matrix junctions, where it is thought to function as one of several interacting proteins involved in anchoring F-actin to the membrane. Defects in VCL are the cause of cardiomyopathy dilated type 1W. Dilated cardiomyopathy is a disorder characterized by ventricular dilation and impaired systolic function, resulting in congestive heart failure and arrhythmia.

References

Moiseyeva E.P., Weller P.A.J. Biol. Chem. 268:4318-4325(1993) Sun N., Critchley D.R., Paulin D.Biochem. J. 409:657-667(2008) Izard T., Evans G., Borgon R.A.Nature 427:171-175(2004)

Images



Anti-VINC Antibody (C-term) at 1:1000 dilution + Hela whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 124 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Western blot analysis of anti-Vinculin Antibody (C-term)(Cat.#AP7426b) in mouse lung tissue lysates (35ug/lane). VINC (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.



Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.