

Transferrin Receptor 1 Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP74906

Product Information

ApplicationWB, IPPrimary AccessionP02786ReactivityHumanHostRabbit

Clonality Monoclonal Antibody

Calculated MW 84871

Additional Information

Gene ID 7037

Other Names TFRC

Dilution WB~~1/500-1/1000 IP~~N/A

Format Liquid

Protein Information

Name TFRC

Function Cellular uptake of iron occurs via receptor-mediated endocytosis of

ligand-occupied transferrin receptor into specialized endosomes (PubMed:<u>26214738</u>). Endosomal acidification leads to iron release. The apotransferrin-receptor complex is then recycled to the cell surface with a return to neutral pH and the concomitant loss of affinity of apotransferrin for

its receptor. Transferrin receptor is necessary for development of erythrocytes and the nervous system (By similarity). A second ligand, the hereditary hemochromatosis protein HFE, competes for binding with transferrin for an overlapping C- terminal binding site. Positively regulates T and B cell proliferation through iron uptake (PubMed:26642240). Acts as a lipid sensor that regulates mitochondrial fusion by regulating activation of the JNK pathway (PubMed:26214738). When dietary levels of stearate (C18:0) are low, promotes activation of the JNK pathway, resulting in HUWE1- mediated ubiquitination and subsequent degradation of the mitofusin MFN2 and inhibition of mitochondrial fusion (PubMed:26214738). When dietary levels of stearate (C18:0) are high, TFRC stearoylation inhibits activation of the JNK

extracellular matrix production (By similarity).

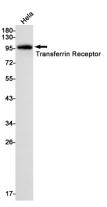
Cellular Location Cell membrane; Single-pass type II membrane protein Melanosome.

Note=Identified by mass spectrometry in melanosome fractions from stage I

pathway and thus degradation of the mitofusin MFN2 (PubMed: 26214738).

Mediates uptake of NICOL1 into fibroblasts where it may regulate

Images



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