

ATG4C Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP75121

Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P
Primary Accession Q96DT6
Reactivity Human
Host Rabbit

Clonality Monoclonal Antibody

Calculated MW 52497

Additional Information

Gene ID 84938

Other Names ATG4C

Dilution WB~~1/500-1/1000 IHC-P~~N/A

Format Liquid

Protein Information

Name ATG4C {ECO:0000303 | PubMed:21177865,

ECO:0000312 | HGNC:HGNC:16040}

Function Cysteine protease that plays a key role in autophagy by mediating both

proteolytic activation and delipidation of ATG8 family proteins

(PubMed: <u>21177865</u>, PubMed: <u>29458288</u>, PubMed: <u>30661429</u>). The protease activity is required for proteolytic activation of ATG8 family proteins: cleaves the C-terminal amino acid of ATG8 proteins MAP1LC3 and GABARAPL2, to reveal a C-terminal glycine (PubMed: <u>21177865</u>). Exposure of the glycine at the

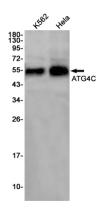
C-terminus is essential for ATG8 proteins conjugation to

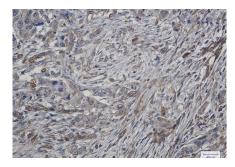
phosphatidylethanolamine (PE) and insertion to membranes, which is necessary for autophagy (By similarity). In addition to the protease activity, also mediates delipidation of ATG8 family proteins (PubMed:29458288, PubMed:33909989). Catalyzes delipidation of PE-conjugated forms of ATG8 proteins during macroautophagy (PubMed:29458288, PubMed:33909989). Compared to ATG4B, the major protein for proteolytic activation of ATG8 proteins, shows weaker ability to cleave the C-terminal amino acid of ATG8 proteins, while it displays stronger delipidation activity (PubMed:29458288). In contrast to other members of the family, weakly or not involved in

phagophore growth during mitophagy (PubMed:33773106).

Cellular Location Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q8BGE6}.

Images





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