

ATP Citrate lyase Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP75124

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, FC, IP
Primary Accession	P53396
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Monoclonal Antibody
Isotype	IgG
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Purification	Affinity Purified
Calculated MW	120839

Additional Information

Gene ID	47
Other Names	ACLY
Dilution	WB~~1:1000-1:5000 IHC-P~~N/A FC~~1:20 IP~~1:20
Format	Liquid in 50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40%Glycerol, 0.01% sodium azide and 0.05% BSA.
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

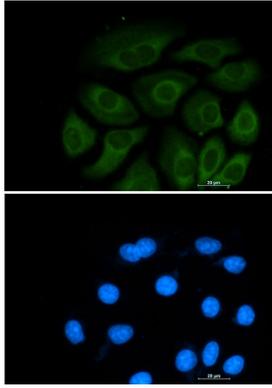
Protein Information

Name	ACLY
Function	Catalyzes the cleavage of citrate into oxaloacetate and acetyl-CoA, the latter serving as common substrate in multiple biochemical reactions in protein, carbohydrate and lipid metabolism.
Cellular Location	Cytoplasm, cytosol.

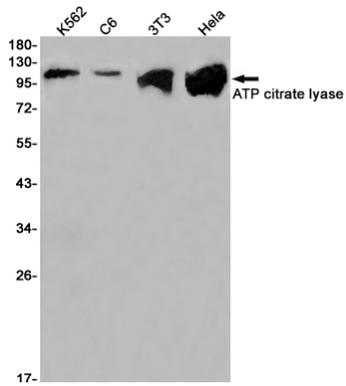
Background

ATP citrate lyase is the primary enzyme responsible for the synthesis of cytosolic acetyl-CoA in many tissues. The enzyme is a tetramer (relative molecular weight approximately 440,000) of apparently identical subunits. It catalyzes the formation of acetyl-CoA and oxaloacetate from citrate and CoA with a concomitant hydrolysis of ATP to ADP and phosphate. The product, acetyl-CoA, serves several important biosynthetic pathways, including lipogenesis and cholesterologenesis.

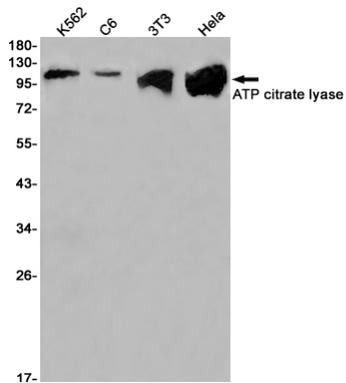
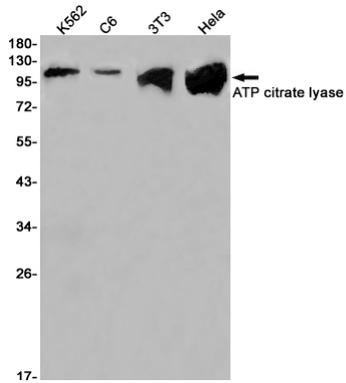
Images



Immunocytochemistry analysis of ATP Citrate lyase (green) in A549 using ATP Citrate lyase antibody, and DAPI (blue).



Western blot analysis of ATP citrate lyase in K562, C6, 3T3, HeLa lysates using ATP citrate lyase antibody.



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