

CLIC4 Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP75271

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, FC, IP
Primary Accession	Q9Y696
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Monoclonal Antibody
Isotype	IgG
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Purification	Affinity Purified
Calculated MW	28772

Additional Information

Gene ID	25932
Other Names	CLIC4
Dilution	WB~~1:1000-1:5000 IHC-P~~N/A IHC-F~~N/A FC~~1:50-1:100 IP~~1:20-1:50
Format	Liquid in 50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40%Glycerol, 0.01% sodium azide and 0.05% BSA.
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Protein Information

Name	CLIC4 {ECO:0000303 PubMed:12163372, ECO:0000312 HGNC:HGNC:13518}
Function	In the soluble state, catalyzes glutaredoxin-like thiol disulfide exchange reactions with reduced glutathione as electron donor (PubMed: 25581026 , PubMed: 37759794). Can insert into membranes and form voltage-dependent multi-ion conductive channels. Membrane insertion seems to be redox-regulated and may occur only under oxidizing conditions (By similarity) (PubMed: 16176272). Has alternate cellular functions like a potential role in angiogenesis or in maintaining apical-basolateral membrane polarity during mitosis and cytokinesis. Could also promote endothelial cell proliferation and regulate endothelial morphogenesis (tubulogenesis). Promotes cell-surface expression of HRH3.
Cellular Location	Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Cytoplasmic vesicle membrane; Single-pass membrane protein. Nucleus. Cell membrane; Single-pass membrane protein. Mitochondrion {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q9Z0W7}. Cell junction. Endoplasmic reticulum

membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9Z0W7}; Single-pass membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9Z0W7}. Note=Colocalized with AKAP9 at the centrosome and midbody. Exists both as soluble cytoplasmic protein and as membrane protein with probably a single transmembrane domain Present in an intracellular vesicular compartment that likely represent trans-Golgi network vesicles. Might not be present in the nucleus of cardiac cells. {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9Z0W7, ECO:0000269|PubMed:14569596}

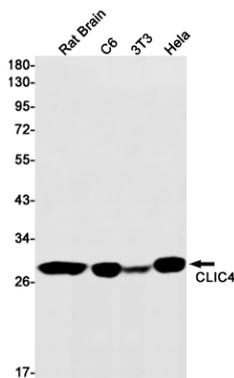
Tissue Location

Detected in epithelial cells from colon, esophagus and kidney (at protein level). Expression is prominent in heart, kidney, placenta and skeletal muscle.

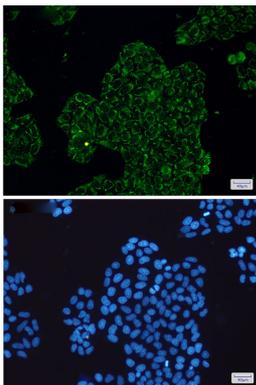
Background

Can insert into membranes and form poorly selective ion channels that may also transport chloride ions. Channel activity depends on the pH. Membrane insertion seems to be redox-regulated and may occur only under oxidizing conditions. Promotes cell-surface expression of HRH3. Has alternate cellular functions like a potential role in angiogenesis or in maintaining apical-basolateral membrane polarity during mitosis and cytokinesis. Could also promote endothelial cell proliferation and regulate endothelial morphogenesis (tubulogenesis).

Images

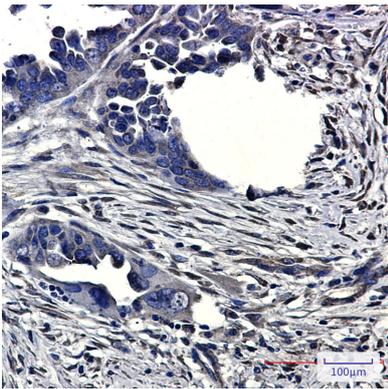
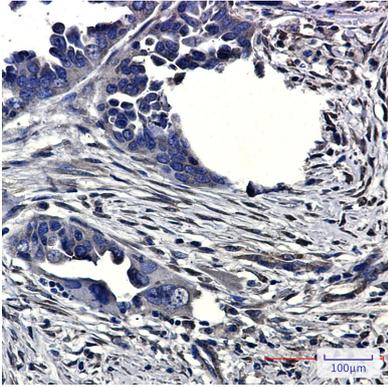
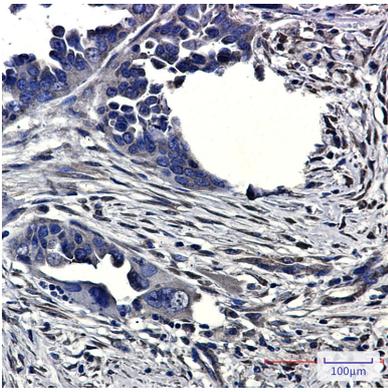


Western blot analysis of CLIC4 in rat Brain, C6, 3T3, HeLa lysates using CLIC4 antibody.



Immunocytochemistry analysis of CLIC4(green) in HeLa using CLIC4 antibody, and DAPI(blue)

Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded Human Cholangiocarcinoma using CLIC4 antibody. High-pressure and temperature Sodium Citrate pH 6.0 was used for antigen retrieval.



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