

KDM2A Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP75429

Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, IP, ICC

Primary Accession Q9Y2K7
Host Rabbit

Clonality Monoclonal Antibody

Calculated MW 132793

Additional Information

Gene ID 22992

Other Names KDM2A

Dilution WB~~1/500-1/1000 IHC-P~~N/A IHC-F~~N/A IP~~N/A ICC~~N/A

Format Liquid

Protein Information

Name KDM2A

Function Histone demethylase that specifically demethylates 'Lys-36' of histone H3,

thereby playing a central role in histone code. Preferentially demethylates dimethylated H3 'Lys-36' residue while it has weak or no activity for monoand tri-methylated H3 'Lys-36'. May also recognize and bind to some phosphorylated proteins and promote their ubiquitination and degradation. Required to maintain the heterochromatic state. Associates with centromeres and represses transcription of small non-coding RNAs that are encoded by the clusters of satellite repeats at the centromere. Required to sustain centromeric integrity and genomic stability, particularly during mitosis. Regulates circadian gene expression by repressing the transcriptional activator activity of CLOCK-BMAL1 heterodimer and RORA in a catalytically-

independent manner (PubMed: 26037310).

Cellular Location Nucleus, nucleoplasm. Chromosome Note=Punctate expression throughout

the nucleoplasm and enriched in the perinucleolar region (PubMed:19001877, PubMed:20417597). Specifically nucleates at CpG islands where it's presence

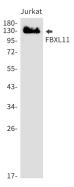
results in chromatin depleted in H3K36me2 (PubMed:19001877,

PubMed:20417597)

Tissue Location Widely expressed, with highest levels in brain, testis and ovary, followed by

lung.

Images



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