

# PPBP Antibody (N-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP7556a

## **Product Information**

WB, E
<u>P02775</u>
Human
Rabbit
Polyclonal
Rabbit IgG
RB14503
13894
23-54

#### **Additional Information**

Gene ID	5473
Other Names	Platelet basic protein, PBP, C-X-C motif chemokine 7, Leukocyte-derived growth factor, LDGF, Macrophage-derived growth factor, MDGF, Small-inducible cytokine B7, Connective tissue-activating peptide III, CTAP-III, LA-PF4, Low-affinity platelet factor IV, TC-2, Connective tissue-activating peptide III(1-81), CTAP-III(1-81), Beta-thromboglobulin, Beta-TG, Neutrophil-activating peptide 2(74), NAP-2(74), Neutrophil-activating peptide 2(73), NAP-2(73), Neutrophil-activating peptide 2, NAP-2, TC-1, Neutrophil-activating peptide 2(1-66), NAP-2(1-66), Neutrophil-activating peptide 2(1-63), NAP-2(1-63), PPBP, CTAP3, CXCL7, SCYB7, TGB1, THBGB1
Target/Specificity	This PPBP antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 23-54 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human PPBP.
Dilution	WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	PPBP Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## **Protein Information**

Name	РРВР
Synonyms	CTAP3, CXCL7, SCYB7, TGB1, THBGB1
Function	LA-PF4 stimulates DNA synthesis, mitosis, glycolysis, intracellular cAMP accumulation, prostaglandin E2 secretion, and synthesis of hyaluronic acid and sulfated glycosaminoglycan. It also stimulates the formation and secretion of plasminogen activator by human synovial cells. NAP-2 is a ligand for CXCR1 and CXCR2, and NAP-2, NAP-2(73), NAP-2(74), NAP-2(1-66), and most potent NAP-2(1-63) are chemoattractants and activators for neutrophils. TC-1 and TC-2 are antibacterial proteins, in vitro released from activated platelet alpha-granules. CTAP-III(1-81) is more potent than CTAP-III desensitize chemokine-induced neutrophil activation.
Cellular Location	Secreted.

#### Background

PPBP is a platelet-derived growth factor that belongs to the CXC chemokine family. This growth factor is a potent chemoattractant and activator of neutrophils. It has been shown to stimulate various cellular processes including DNA synthesis, mitosis, glycolysis, intracellular cAMP accumulation, prostaglandin E2 secretion, and sythesis of hyaluronic acid and sulfated glycosaminoglycan. It also stimulates the formation and secretion of plasminogen activator by synovial cells.

## References

Majumdar S.,J. Biol. Chem. 266:5785-5789(1991) Zhang C.,Blood 98:610-617(2001) Aivado,M.,Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 104 (4), 1307-1312 (2007)

#### Images



Anti-PPBP Antibody (N-term) at 1:1000 dilution + human spleen lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 14 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.