

Hsf1 Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP75578

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, IP
Primary Accession	Q00613
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Monoclonal Antibody
Calculated MW	57260

Additional Information

Gene ID	3297
Other Names	HSF1
Dilution	WB~~1/500-1/1000 IHC-P~~N/A IP~~N/A
Format	50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40%Glycerol, 0.01% sodium azide and 0.05% BSA.
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Protein Information

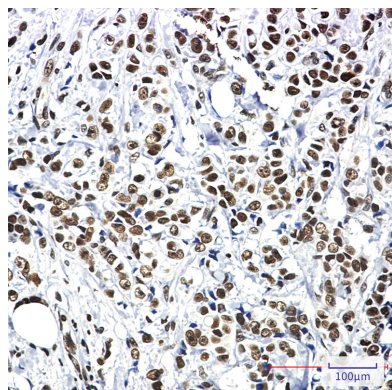
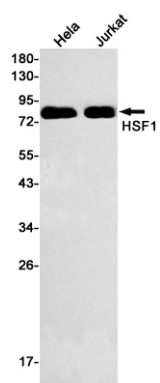
Name	HSF1 (HGNC:5224)
Synonyms	HSTF1
Function	Functions as a stress-inducible and DNA-binding transcription factor that plays a central role in the transcriptional activation of the heat shock response (HSR), leading to the expression of a large class of molecular chaperones, heat shock proteins (HSPs), that protect cells from cellular insult damage (PubMed: 11447121 , PubMed: 12659875 , PubMed: 12917326 , PubMed: 15016915 , PubMed: 18451878 , PubMed: 1871105 , PubMed: 1986252 , PubMed: 25963659 , PubMed: 26754925 , PubMed: 7623826 , PubMed: 7760831 , PubMed: 8940068 , PubMed: 8946918 , PubMed: 9121459 , PubMed: 9341107 , PubMed: 9499401 , PubMed: 9535852 , PubMed: 9727490). In unstressed cells, is present in a HSP90-containing multichaperone complex that maintains it in a non-DNA-binding inactivated monomeric form (PubMed: 11583998 , PubMed: 16278218 , PubMed: 9727490). Upon exposure to heat and other stress stimuli, undergoes homotrimerization and activates HSP gene transcription through binding to site-specific heat shock elements (HSEs) present in the promoter regions of HSP genes (PubMed: 10359787 , PubMed: 11583998 , PubMed: 12659875 , PubMed: 16278218 , PubMed: 1871105 ,

PubMed:[1986252](#), PubMed:[25963659](#), PubMed:[26754925](#), PubMed:[7623826](#), PubMed:[7935471](#), PubMed:[8455624](#), PubMed:[8940068](#), PubMed:[9499401](#), PubMed:[9727490](#)). Upon heat shock stress, forms a chromatin-associated complex with TTC5/STRAP and p300/EP300 to stimulate HSR transcription, therefore increasing cell survival (PubMed:[18451878](#)). Activation is reversible, and during the attenuation and recovery phase period of the HSR, returns to its unactivated form (PubMed:[11583998](#), PubMed:[16278218](#)). Binds to inverted 5'-NGAAN-3' pentamer DNA sequences (PubMed:[1986252](#), PubMed:[26727489](#)). Binds to chromatin at heat shock gene promoters (PubMed:[25963659](#)). Activates transcription of transcription factor FOXR1 which in turn activates transcription of the heat shock chaperones HSPA1A and HSPA6 and the antioxidant NADPH-dependent reductase DHRS2 (PubMed:[34723967](#)). Also serves several other functions independently of its transcriptional activity. Involved in the repression of Ras-induced transcriptional activation of the c-fos gene in heat-stressed cells (PubMed:[9341107](#)). Positively regulates pre-mRNA 3'-end processing and polyadenylation of HSP70 mRNA upon heat-stressed cells in a symplekin (SYMPK)-dependent manner (PubMed:[14707147](#)). Plays a role in nuclear export of stress-induced HSP70 mRNA (PubMed:[17897941](#)). Plays a role in the regulation of mitotic progression (PubMed:[18794143](#)). Also plays a role as a negative regulator of non-homologous end joining (NHEJ) repair activity in a DNA damage-dependent manner (PubMed:[26359349](#)). Involved in stress-induced cancer cell proliferation in a IER5-dependent manner (PubMed:[26754925](#)).

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Nucleus, nucleoplasm. Cytoplasm, perinuclear region. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle pole. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome Chromosome, centromere, kinetochore
 Note=The monomeric form is cytoplasmic in unstressed cells (PubMed:26159920, PubMed:8455624). Predominantly nuclear protein in both unstressed and heat shocked cells (PubMed:10359787, PubMed:10413683). Translocates in the nucleus upon heat shock (PubMed:8455624). Nucleocytoplasmic shuttling protein (PubMed:26159920). Colocalizes with IER5 in the nucleus (PubMed:27354066). Colocalizes with BAG3 to the nucleus upon heat stress (PubMed:26159920, PubMed:8455624). Localizes in subnuclear granules called nuclear stress bodies (nSBs) upon heat shock (PubMed:10359787, PubMed:10747973, PubMed:11447121, PubMed:11514557, PubMed:19229036, PubMed:24581496, PubMed:25963659). Colocalizes with SYMPK and SUMO1 in nSBs upon heat shock (PubMed:10359787, PubMed:11447121, PubMed:11514557, PubMed:12665592, PubMed:14707147) Colocalizes with PRKACA/PKA in the nucleus and nSBs upon heat shock (PubMed:21085490). Relocalizes from the nucleus to the cytoplasm during the attenuation and recovery phase period of the heat shock response (PubMed:26159920). Translocates in the cytoplasm in a YWHAE- and XPO1/CRM1-dependent manner (PubMed:12917326). Together with histone H2AX, redistributed in discrete nuclear DNA damage-induced foci after ionizing radiation (IR) (PubMed:26359349). Colocalizes with calcium-responsive transactivator SS18L1 at kinetochore region on the mitotic chromosomes (PubMed:18794143). Colocalizes with gamma tubulin at centrosome (PubMed:18794143). Localizes at spindle pole in metaphase (PubMed:18794143). Colocalizes with PLK1 at spindle poles during prometaphase (PubMed:18794143).

Images



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