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IKK alpha Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP75606

Product Information

Application WB Primary Accession 015111

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Host Rabbit

Clonality Monoclonal Antibody

Calculated MW 84640

Additional Information

Gene ID 1147

Other Names CHUK

Dilution WB~~1/500-1/1000

Format Liquid

Protein Information

Name CHUK

Synonyms IKKA, TCF16

Function Serine kinase that plays an essential role in the NF-kappa-B signaling

cytokines, bacterial or viral products, DNA damages or other cellular stresses (PubMed: <u>18626576</u>, PubMed: <u>9244310</u>, PubMed: <u>9252186</u>, PubMed: <u>9346484</u>). Acts as a part of the canonical IKK complex in the conventional pathway of NF-kappa-B activation and phosphorylates inhibitors of NF-kappa-B on serine residues (PubMed: 18626576, PubMed: 35952808, PubMed: 9244310, PubMed: 9252186, PubMed: 9346484). These modifications allow polyubiquitination of the inhibitors and subsequent degradation by the proteasome (PubMed: 18626576, PubMed: 9244310, PubMed: 9252186, PubMed: 9346484). In turn, free NF-kappa-B is translocated into the nucleus and activates the transcription of hundreds of genes involved in immune response, growth control, or protection against apoptosis (PubMed: 18626576, PubMed:<u>9244310</u>, PubMed:<u>9252186</u>, PubMed:<u>9346484</u>). Negatively regulates the pathway by phosphorylating the scaffold protein TAXBP1 and thus promoting the assembly of the A20/TNFAIP3 ubiquitin-editing complex (composed of A20/TNFAIP3, TAX1BP1, and the E3 ligases ITCH and RNF11) (PubMed:21765415). Therefore, CHUK plays a key role in the negative feedback of NF-kappa-B canonical signaling to limit inflammatory gene

activation. As part of the non-canonical pathway of NF-kappa-B activation, the

pathway which is activated by multiple stimuli such as inflammatory

MAP3K14-activated CHUK/IKKA homodimer phosphorylates NFKB2/p100 associated with RelB, inducing its proteolytic processing to NFKB2/p52 and the formation of NF-kappa-B RelB-p52 complexes (PubMed: 20501937). In turn, these complexes regulate genes encoding molecules involved in B-cell survival and lymphoid organogenesis. Also participates in the negative feedback of the non-canonical NF-kappa-B signaling pathway by phosphorylating and destabilizing MAP3K14/NIK. Within the nucleus, phosphorylates CREBBP and consequently increases both its transcriptional and histone acetyltransferase activities (PubMed: 17434128). Modulates chromatin accessibility at NF-kappa-B- responsive promoters by phosphorylating histones H3 at 'Ser-10' that are subsequently acetylated at 'Lys-14' by CREBBP (PubMed: 12789342). Additionally, phosphorylates the CREBBP-interacting protein NCOA3. Also phosphorylates FOXO3 and may regulate this pro-apoptotic transcription factor (PubMed: 15084260). Phosphorylates RIPK1 at 'Ser-25' which represses its kinase activity and consequently prevents TNF-mediated RIPK1-dependent cell death (By similarity). Phosphorylates AMBRA1 following mitophagy induction, promoting AMBRA1 interaction with ATG8 family proteins and its mitophagic activity (PubMed: 30217973).

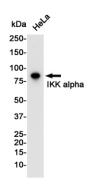
Cellular Location

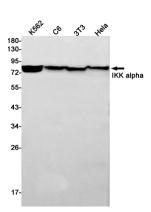
Cytoplasm. Nucleus Note=Shuttles between the cytoplasm and the nucleus

Tissue Location

Widely expressed.

Images





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