

JNK2 Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP75639

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, FC, IP
Primary Accession	P45984
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Monoclonal Antibody
Isotype	IgG
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Purification	Affinity Purified
Calculated MW	48139

Additional Information

Gene ID	5601
Other Names	MAPK9
Dilution	WB~~1:1000-1:2000 IHC-P~~N/A FC~~1:20 IP~~1:20
Format	Liquid in 50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40%Glycerol, 0.01% sodium azide and 0.05% BSA.
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Protein Information

Name	MAPK9
Synonyms	JNK2, PRKM9, SAPK1A
Function	Serine/threonine-protein kinase involved in various processes such as cell proliferation, differentiation, migration, transformation and programmed cell death (PubMed: 10376527 , PubMed: 15805466 , PubMed: 17525747 , PubMed: 19675674 , PubMed: 20595622 , PubMed: 21364637 , PubMed: 22441692 , PubMed: 34048572). Extracellular stimuli such as pro-inflammatory cytokines or physical stress stimulate the stress- activated protein kinase/c-Jun N-terminal kinase (SAP/JNK) signaling pathway. In this cascade, two dual specificity kinases MAP2K4/MKK4 and MAP2K7/MKK7 phosphorylate and activate MAPK9/JNK2 (PubMed: 10376527 , PubMed: 15805466 , PubMed: 17525747 , PubMed: 19675674 , PubMed: 20595622 , PubMed: 21364637 , PubMed: 22441692 , PubMed: 34048572). In turn, MAPK9/JNK2 phosphorylates a number of transcription factors, primarily components of AP-1 such as JUN and ATF2 and

thus regulates AP-1 transcriptional activity (PubMed:[10376527](#)). In response to oxidative or ribotoxic stresses, inhibits rRNA synthesis by phosphorylating and inactivating the RNA polymerase 1-specific transcription initiation factor RRN3 (PubMed:[15805466](#)). Promotes stressed cell apoptosis by phosphorylating key regulatory factors including TP53 and YAP1 (PubMed:[17525747](#), PubMed:[21364637](#)). In T-cells, MAPK8 and MAPK9 are required for polarized differentiation of T-helper cells into Th1 cells (PubMed:[19290929](#)). Upon T-cell receptor (TCR) stimulation, is activated by CARMA1, BCL10, MAP2K7 and MAP3K7/TAK1 to regulate JUN protein levels (PubMed:[19290929](#)). Plays an important role in the osmotic stress- induced epithelial tight-junctions disruption (PubMed:[20595622](#)). When activated, promotes beta-catenin/CTNNB1 degradation and inhibits the canonical Wnt signaling pathway (PubMed:[19675674](#)). Also participates in neurite growth in spiral ganglion neurons (By similarity). Phosphorylates the CLOCK-BMAL1 heterodimer and plays a role in the regulation of the circadian clock (PubMed:[22441692](#)). Phosphorylates POU5F1, which results in the inhibition of POU5F1's transcriptional activity and enhances its proteasomal degradation (By similarity). Phosphorylates ALKBH5 in response to reactive oxygen species (ROS), promoting ALKBH5 sumoylation and inactivation (PubMed:[34048572](#)).

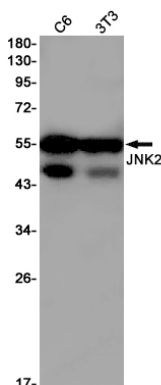
Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=Colocalizes with POU5F1 in the nucleus.
{ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9WTU6}

Background

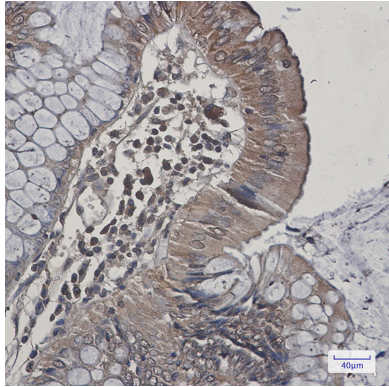
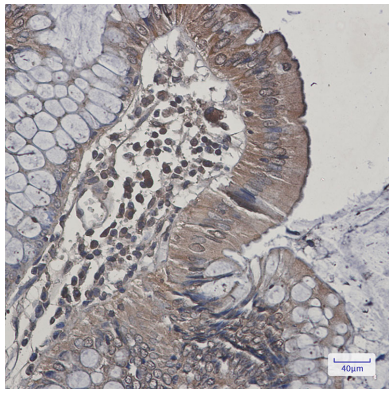
The stress-activated protein kinase/Jun-amino-terminal kinase SAPK/JNK is potently and preferentially activated by a variety of environmental stresses including UV and gamma radiation, ceramides, inflammatory cytokines, and in some instances, by growth factors and GPCR agonists. As with the other MAPKs, the core signaling unit is composed of a MAPKKK, typically MEKK1-MEKK4, or by one of the mixed lineage kinases (MLKs), which phosphorylate and activate MKK4/7.

Images



Western blot analysis of JNK2 in C6, 3T3 lysates using JNK2 antibody.

Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded Human colon cancer using JNK2 antibody. High-pressure and temperature Sodium Citrate pH 6.0 was used for antigen retrieval.



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