

LXR alpha Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP75684

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P
Primary Accession	Q13133
Reactivity	Human, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Monoclonal Antibody
Calculated MW	50396

Additional Information

Gene ID	10062
Other Names	NR1H3
Dilution	WB~~1/500-1/1000 IHC-P~~N/A
Format	Liquid

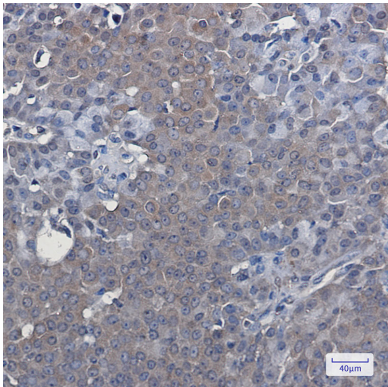
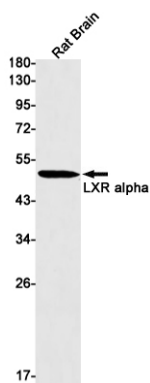
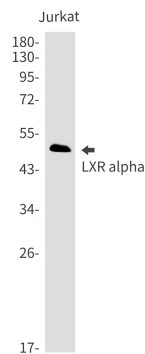
Protein Information

Name	NR1H3
Synonyms	LXRA

Function	<p>Nuclear receptor that exhibits a ligand-dependent transcriptional activation activity (PubMed:19481530, PubMed:25661920, PubMed:37478846). Interaction with retinoic acid receptor (RXR) shifts RXR from its role as a silent DNA-binding partner to an active ligand-binding subunit in mediating retinoid responses through target genes defined by LXRES (PubMed:37478846). LXRES are DR4-type response elements characterized by direct repeats of two similar hexanucleotide half-sites spaced by four nucleotides (By similarity). Plays an important role in the regulation of cholesterol homeostasis, regulating cholesterol uptake through MYLIP-dependent ubiquitination of LDLR, VLDLR and LRP8 (PubMed:19481530). Interplays functionally with RORA for the regulation of genes involved in liver metabolism (By similarity). Induces LPCAT3-dependent phospholipid remodeling in endoplasmic reticulum (ER) membranes of hepatocytes, driving SREBF1 processing and lipogenesis (By similarity). Via LPCAT3, triggers the incorporation of arachidonate into phosphatidylcholines of ER membranes, increasing membrane dynamics and enabling triacylglycerols transfer to nascent very low-density lipoprotein (VLDL) particles. Via LPCAT3 also counteracts lipid-induced ER stress response and inflammation, likely by modulating SRC kinase membrane compartmentalization and limiting the synthesis of lipid inflammatory mediators (By similarity).</p>
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Cellular Location	Nucleus {ECO:0000255 PROSITE-ProRule:PRU00407, ECO:0000269 PubMed:25661920}. Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q9Z0Y9}
Tissue Location	Visceral organs specific expression. Strong expression was found in liver, kidney and intestine followed by spleen and to a lesser extent the adrenals

Images



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