

MAD2L2 Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP75687

Product Information

| | |
|-------------------|------------------------|
| Application | WB, IP, ICC |
| Primary Accession | Q9UI95 |
| Reactivity | Human |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Clonality | Monoclonal Antibody |
| Calculated MW | 24334 |

Additional Information

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|-------------|--|
| Gene ID | 10459 |
| Other Names | MAD2L2 |
| Dilution | WB~~1/500-1/1000 IP~~N/A ICC~~N/A |
| Format | 50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40%Glycerol, 0.01% sodium azide and 0.05% BSA. |
| Storage | Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles. |

Protein Information

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| Name | MAD2L2 |
| Synonyms | MAD2B, REV7 |
| Function | <p>Adapter protein able to interact with different proteins and involved in different biological processes (PubMed:11459825, PubMed:11459826, PubMed:17296730, PubMed:17719540, PubMed:19443654, PubMed:29656893). Mediates the interaction between the error-prone DNA polymerase zeta catalytic subunit REV3L and the inserter polymerase REV1, thereby mediating the second polymerase switching in translesion DNA synthesis (PubMed:20164194, PubMed:23143872). Translesion DNA synthesis releases the replication blockade of replicative polymerases, stalled in presence of DNA lesions (PubMed:20164194). Component of the shieldin complex, which plays an important role in repair of DNA double-stranded breaks (DSBs) (PubMed:29656893). During G1 and S phase of the cell cycle, the complex functions downstream of TP53BP1 to promote non-homologous end joining (NHEJ) and suppress DNA end resection (PubMed:29656893). Mediates various NHEJ-dependent processes including immunoglobulin class-switch recombination, and fusion of unprotected telomeres (PubMed:29656893). May also regulate another aspect of cellular response to</p> |

DNA damage through regulation of the JNK-mediated phosphorylation and activation of the transcriptional activator ELK1 (PubMed:[17296730](#)). Inhibits the FZR1- and probably CDC20-mediated activation of the anaphase promoting complex APC thereby regulating progression through the cell cycle (PubMed:[11459825](#), PubMed:[17719540](#)). Regulates TCF7L2-mediated gene transcription and may play a role in epithelial-mesenchymal transdifferentiation (PubMed:[19443654](#)).

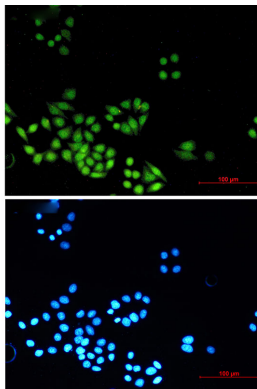
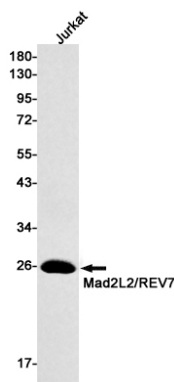
Cellular Location

Nucleus. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle. Cytoplasm. Chromosome.
Note=Recruited to sites of chromosomal double-stranded breaks during G1 and S phase of the cell cycle

Tissue Location

Ubiquitously expressed.

Images



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