

# Notch1 Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP75817

## **Product Information**

Application WB
Primary Accession P46531
Reactivity Human, Rat
Rabbit

**Clonality** Monoclonal Antibody

Calculated MW 272505

## **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 4851

Other Names NOTCH1

**Dilution** WB~~1/500-1/1000

Format 50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40%Glycerol, 0.01% sodium azide and

0.05% BSA.

#### **Protein Information**

Name NOTCH1

Synonyms TAN1

**Function** Functions as a receptor for membrane-bound ligands Jagged-1 (JAG1),

Jagged-2 (JAG2) and Delta-1 (DLL1) to regulate cell-fate determination. Upon ligand activation through the released notch intracellular domain (NICD) it forms a transcriptional activator complex with RBPJ/RBPSUH and activates genes of the enhancer of split locus. Affects the implementation of

differentiation, proliferation and apoptotic programs. Involved in

angiogenesis; negatively regulates endothelial cell proliferation and migration and angiogenic sprouting. Involved in the maturation of both CD4(+) and CD8(+) cells in the thymus. Important for follicular differentiation and possibly cell fate selection within the follicle. During cerebellar development,

functions as a receptor for neuronal DNER and is involved in the differentiation of Bergmann glia. Represses neuronal and myogenic

differentiation. May play an essential role in postimplantation development, probably in some aspect of cell specification and/or differentiation. May be involved in mesoderm development, somite formation and neurogenesis. May enhance HIF1A function by sequestering HIF1AN away from HIF1A. Required for the THBS4 function in regulating protective astrogenesis from the subventricular zone (SVZ) niche after injury. Involved in determination of left/right symmetry by modulating the balance between motile and immotile

(sensory) cilia at the left-right organiser (LRO).

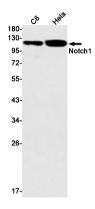
# **Cellular Location**

Cell membrane {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q01705}; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Late endosome membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Note=Non-activated receptor is targeted for lysosomal degradation via the endosomal pathway; transport from late endosomes to lysosomes requires deuibiquitination by USP12.

#### **Tissue Location**

In fetal tissues most abundant in spleen, brain stem and lung. Also present in most adult tissues where it is found mainly in lymphoid tissues

# **Images**



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