

# NQO1 Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP75819

### **Product Information**

ApplicationWB, IPPrimary AccessionP15559ReactivityHuman, RatHostRabbit

**Clonality** Monoclonal Antibody

Calculated MW 30868

## **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 1728

Other Names NQ01

**Dilution** WB~~1/500-1/1000 IP~~N/A

Format Liquid

#### **Protein Information**

Name NQO1 {ECO:0000303 | PubMed:1657151, ECO:0000312 | HGNC:HGNC:2874}

**Function** Flavin-containing quinone reductase that catalyzes two- electron reduction

of quinones to hydroquinones using either NADH or NADPH as electron donors. In a ping-pong kinetic mechanism, the electrons are sequentially transferred from NAD(P)H to flavin cofactor and then from reduced flavin to the quinone, bypassing the formation of semiquinone and reactive oxygen species (By similarity) (PubMed:8999809, PubMed:9271353). Regulates cellular redox state primarily through quinone detoxification. Reduces components of plasma membrane redox system such as coenzyme Q and vitamin quinones, producing antioxidant hydroquinone forms. In the process may function as superoxide scavenger to prevent hydroquinone oxidation

and facilitate excretion (PubMed: 15102952, PubMed: 8999809,

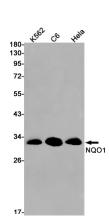
PubMed:<u>9271353</u>). Alternatively, can activate quinones and their derivatives by generating redox reactive hydroquinones with DNA cross-linking antitumor

potential (PubMed:8999809). Acts as a gatekeeper of the core 20S proteasome known to degrade proteins with unstructured regions. Upon oxidative stress, interacts with tumor suppressors TP53 and TP73 in a NADH-dependent way and inhibits their ubiquitin-independent degradation

by the 20S proteasome (PubMed: 15687255, PubMed: 28291250).

Cellular Location Cytoplasm, cytosol {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P05982}

# **Images**



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