

Rab10 Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP75983

Product Information

Application WB, IP, ICC **Primary Accession** P61026

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Host Rabbit

Clonality Monoclonal Antibody

Calculated MW 22541

Additional Information

Gene ID 10890

Other Names RAB10

Dilution WB~~1/500-1/1000 IP~~N/A ICC~~N/A

Format 50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40%Glycerol, 0.01% sodium azide and

0.05% BSA.

Storage Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid

freeze/thaw cycles.

Protein Information

Name RAB10 (<u>HGNC:9759</u>)

Function The small GTPases Rab are key regulators of intracellular membrane

trafficking, from the formation of transport vesicles to their fusion with membranes (PubMed:21248164). Rabs cycle between an inactive GDP-bound form and an active GTP-bound form that is able to recruit to membranes different set of downstream effectors directly responsible for vesicle formation, movement, tethering and fusion (PubMed:21248164). That Rab is mainly involved in the biosynthetic transport of proteins from the Golgi to the plasma membrane (PubMed:21248164). Regulates, for instance,

plasma membrane (Publieu.<u>21246164</u>). Regulates, for instance,

SLC2A4/GLUT4 glucose transporter-enriched vesicles delivery to the plasma membrane (By similarity). In parallel, it regulates the transport of TLR4, a toll-like receptor to the plasma membrane and therefore may be important for

innate immune response (By similarity). Also plays a specific role in

asymmetric protein transport to the plasma membrane (PubMed:16641372). In neurons, it is involved in axonogenesis through regulation of vesicular membrane trafficking toward the axonal plasma membrane (By similarity). In epithelial cells, it regulates transport from the Golgi to the basolateral membrane (PubMed:16641372). May play a role in the basolateral recycling pathway and in phagosome maturation (By similarity). May play a role in

endoplasmic reticulum dynamics and morphology controlling tubulation along microtubules and tubules fusion (PubMed:23263280). Together with LRRK2, RAB8A, and RILPL1, it regulates ciliogenesis (PubMed:30398148). When phosphorylated by LRRK2 on Thr-73, binds RILPL1 and inhibits ciliogenesis (PubMed:30398148). Participates in the export of a subset of neosynthesized proteins through a Rab8- Rab10-Rab11-dependent endososomal export route (PubMed:32344433). Targeted to and stabilized on stressed lysosomes through LRRK2 phosphorylation where it promotes the extracellular release of lysosomal content through EHBP1 and EHNP1L1 effector proteins (PubMed:30209220).

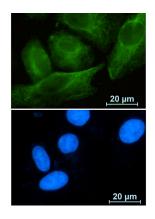
Cellular Location

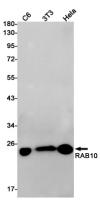
Cytoplasmic vesicle membrane; Lipid-anchor; Cytoplasmic side. Golgi apparatus membrane. Golgi apparatus, trans-Golgi network membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P24409}. Endosome membrane Recycling endosome membrane {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P24409}. Cytoplasmic vesicle, phagosome membrane {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P24409}. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, cilium basal body. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane. Cytoplasm, perinuclear region. Lysosome. Note=Associates with SLC2A4/GLUT4 storage vesicles (PubMed:22908308). Localizes to the base of the cilium when phosphorylated by LRRK2 on Thr-73 (PubMed:20576682, PubMed:30398148). Transiently associates with phagosomes (By similarity). Localizes to the endoplasmic reticulum at domains of new tubule growth (PubMed:23263280). Colocalizes with MICAL1, GRAF1/ARHGAP26 and GRAF2/ARHGAP10 on endosomal tubules (PubMed:32344433). Localizes to enlarged lysosomes through LRRK2 phosphorylation (PubMed:30209220). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P24409, ECO:0000269|PubMed:20576682, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:22908308, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:23263280, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:30209220, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:30398148, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:32344433}

Tissue Location

Expressed in the hippocampus (PubMed:29562525). Expressed in neutrophils (at protein level) (PubMed:29127255) Expressed in the testis (at protein level) (PubMed:28067790)

Images





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