

# Retinoic Acid Receptor beta Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP76020

## **Product Information**

**Application** WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, ICC

Primary Accession P10826
Reactivity Human
Rabbit

**Clonality** Monoclonal Antibody

Calculated MW 50489

#### **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 5915

Other Names RARB

**Dilution** WB~~1/500-1/1000 IHC-P~~N/A IHC-F~~N/A ICC~~N/A

Format 50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40%Glycerol, 0.01% sodium azide and

0.05% BSA.

**Storage** Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid

freeze/thaw cycles.

## **Protein Information**

Name RARB

**Synonyms** HAP, NR1B2

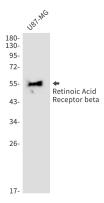
**Function** Receptor for retinoic acid. Retinoic acid receptors bind as heterodimers to

their target response elements in response to their ligands, all-trans or 9-cis retinoic acid, and regulate gene expression in various biological processes. The RXR/RAR heterodimers bind to the retinoic acid response elements (RARE) composed of tandem 5'-AGGTCA-3' sites known as DR1-DR5. In the absence or presence of hormone ligand, acts mainly as an activator of gene expression due to weak binding to corepressors (PubMed:12554770). The RXRA/RARB heterodimer can act as a repressor on the DR1 element and as an activator on the DR5 element (PubMed:29021580). In concert with RARG, required for skeletal growth, matrix homeostasis and growth plate function (By similarity).

**Cellular Location** Nucleus. Cytoplasm [Isoform Beta-2]: Nucleus.

**Tissue Location** Expressed in aortic endothelial cells (at protein level).

# **Images**



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