

SNAP29 Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP76101

Product Information

Application	WB, FC, IP
Primary Accession	O95721
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Monoclonal Antibody
Isotype	IgG
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Purification	Affinity Purified
Calculated MW	28970

Additional Information

Gene ID	9342
Other Names	SNAP29
Dilution	WB~~1:1000-1:5000 FC~~1:10-1:100 IP~~1:20-1:50
Format	Liquid in 50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40%Glycerol, 0.01% sodium azide and 0.05% BSA.
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Protein Information

Name	SNAP29 (HGNC:11133)
Function	SNAREs, soluble N-ethylmaleimide-sensitive factor-attachment protein receptors, are essential proteins for fusion of cellular membranes. SNAREs localized on opposing membranes assemble to form a trans-SNARE complex, an extended, parallel four alpha-helical bundle that drives membrane fusion. SNAP29 is a SNARE involved in autophagy through the direct control of autophagosome membrane fusion with the lysosome membrane. Also plays a role in ciliogenesis by regulating membrane fusions.
Cellular Location	Cytoplasm. Golgi apparatus membrane {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q9Z2P6}; Peripheral membrane protein. Cytoplasmic vesicle, autophagosome membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Cell projection, cilium membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Note=Appears to be mostly membrane-bound, probably via interaction with syntaxins, but a significant portion is cytoplasmic Localizes to the ciliary pocket from where the cilium protrudes

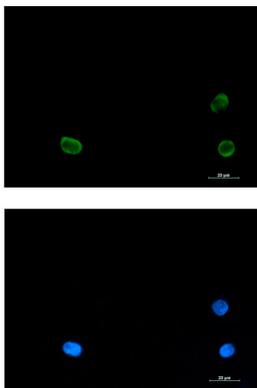
Tissue Location

Found in brain, heart, kidney, liver, lung, placenta, skeletal muscle, spleen and pancreas

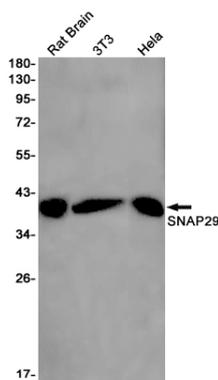
Background

This gene, a member of the SNAP25 gene family, encodes a protein involved in multiple membrane trafficking steps. Two other members of this gene family, SNAP23 and SNAP25, encode proteins that bind a syntaxin protein and mediate synaptic vesicle membrane docking and fusion to the plasma membrane. The protein encoded by this gene binds tightly to multiple syntaxins and is localized to intracellular membrane structures rather than to the plasma membrane. While the protein is mostly membrane-bound, a significant fraction of it is found free in the cytoplasm. Use of multiple polyadenylation sites has been noted for this gene.

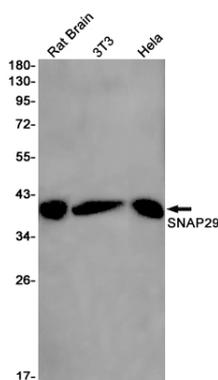
Images

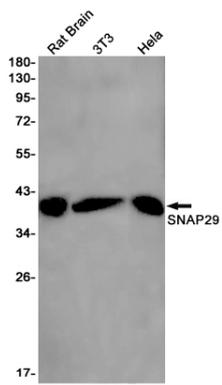


Immunocytochemistry analysis of SNAP29 (green) in K562 using SNAP29 antibody, and DAPI (blue).



Western blot analysis of SNAP29 in rat Brain, 3T3, HeLa lysates using SNAP29 antibody.





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