

Thrombomodulin Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP76172

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, FC
Primary Accession	P15306
Reactivity	Rat, Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Monoclonal Antibody
Isotype	IgG
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Purification	Affinity Purified
Calculated MW	61868

Additional Information

Gene ID	21824
Other Names	Thbd
Dilution	WB~~1:500-1:1000 IHC-P~~N/A FC~~1:10~50
Format	Liquid in 50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40%Glycerol, 0.01% sodium azide and 0.05% BSA.
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Protein Information

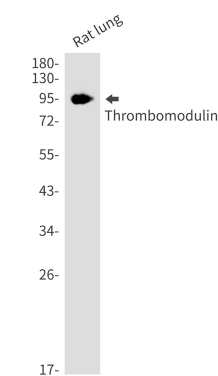
Name	Thbd
Function	Endothelial cell receptor that plays a critical role in regulating several physiological processes including hemostasis, coagulation, fibrinolysis, inflammation, and angiogenesis. Acts as a cofactor for thrombin activation of protein C/PROC on the surface of vascular endothelial cells leading to initiation of the activated protein C anticoagulant pathway. Also accelerates the activation of the plasma carboxypeptidase B2/CPB2, which catalyzes removal of C-terminal basic amino acids from its substrates including kinins or anaphylatoxins leading to fibrinolysis inhibition (By similarity). Plays critical protective roles in changing the cleavage specificity of protease-activated receptor 1/PAR1, inhibiting endothelial cell permeability and inflammation (PubMed: 38174561). Suppresses inflammation distinctly from its anticoagulant cofactor activity by sequestering HMGB1 thereby preventing it from engaging cellular receptors such as RAGE and contributing to the inflammatory response (By similarity).

Cellular Location	Membrane {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P07204}; Single- pass type I membrane protein {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P07204}
Tissue Location	Endothelial cells are unique in synthesizing thrombomodulin

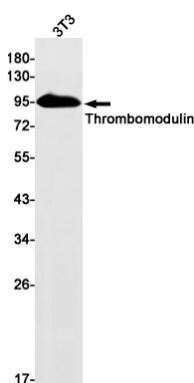
Background

Thrombomodulin is a specific endothelial cell receptor that forms a 1:1 stoichiometric complex with thrombin. This complex is responsible for the conversion of protein C to the activated protein C (protein Ca). Once evolved, protein Ca scissions the activated cofactors of the coagulation mechanism, factor Va and factor VIIa, and thereby reduces the amount of thrombin generated.

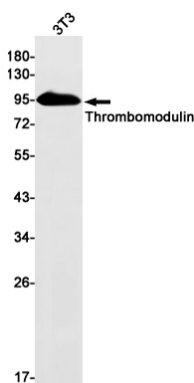
Images



Western blot analysis of Thrombomodulin in rat lung lysates using Thrombomodulin antibody.



Western blot analysis of Thrombomodulin in 3T3 lysates using Thrombomodulin antibody.



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