

Transferrin Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP76194

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, FC
Primary Accession	P02787
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Monoclonal Antibody
Isotype	IgG
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Purification	Affinity Purified
Calculated MW	77064

Additional Information

Gene ID	7018
Other Names	TF
Dilution	WB~~1:1000-1:5000 IHC-P~~N/A FC~~1:20-1:50
Format	Liquid in 50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40%Glycerol, 0.01% sodium azide and 0.05% BSA.
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Protein Information

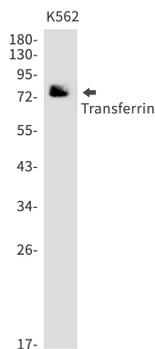
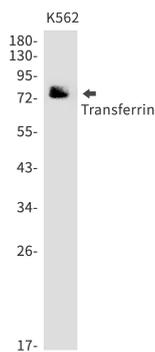
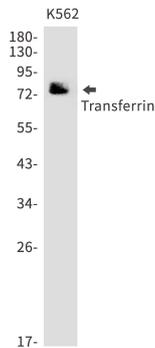
Name	TF (HGNC:11740)
Function	Transferrins are iron binding transport proteins which can bind two Fe(3+) ions in association with the binding of an anion, usually bicarbonate. It is responsible for the transport of iron from sites of absorption and heme degradation to those of storage and utilization. Serum transferrin may also have a further role in stimulating cell proliferation. (Microbial infection) Serves as an iron source for parasite T.brucei (strain 427), which capture TF via its own transferrin receptor ESAG6:ESAG7 and extract its iron for its own use.
Cellular Location	Secreted.
Tissue Location	Expressed by the liver and secreted in plasma.

Background

Transferrins are iron binding transport proteins which can bind two Fe³⁺ ions in association with the binding of an anion, usually bicarbonate. It is responsible for the transport of iron from sites of absorption and heme degradation to those of storage and utilization. Serum transferrin may also have a further role in stimulating cell proliferation.

Images

Western blot analysis of Transferrin in K562 lysates using Transferrin antibody.



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