

# XPD Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP76265

## Product Information

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<b>Application</b>	WB, ICC
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">P18074</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal Antibody
<b>Calculated MW</b>	86909

## Additional Information

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<b>Gene ID</b>	2068
<b>Other Names</b>	ERCC2
<b>Dilution</b>	WB~~1/500-1/1000 ICC~~N/A
<b>Format</b>	50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40%Glycerol, 0.01% sodium azide and 0.05% BSA.
<b>Storage</b>	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

## Protein Information

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<b>Name</b>	ERCC2
<b>Synonyms</b>	XPD, XPDC
<b>Function</b>	ATP-dependent 5'-3' DNA helicase (PubMed: <a href="#">31253769</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">8413672</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">9771713</a> ). Component of the general transcription and DNA repair factor IIH (TFIIH) core complex, not absolutely essential for minimal transcription in vitro (PubMed: <a href="#">10024882</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">17466626</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">9771713</a> ). Required for transcription-coupled nucleotide excision repair (NER) of damaged DNA; recognizes damaged bases (PubMed: <a href="#">17466626</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">23352696</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">9771713</a> ). Sequestered in chromatin on UV-damaged DNA (PubMed: <a href="#">23352696</a> ). When complexed to CDK-activating kinase (CAK), involved in transcription by RNA polymerase II. In NER, TFIIH acts by opening DNA around the lesion to allow the excision of the damaged oligonucleotide and its replacement by a new DNA fragment. The ATP-dependent helicase activity of XPD/ERCC2 is required for DNA opening. Involved in DNA lesion verification (PubMed: <a href="#">31253769</a> ). In transcription, TFIIH has an essential role in transcription initiation. When the pre-initiation complex (PIC) has been established, TFIIH is required for promoter opening and promoter escape. Phosphorylation of the C-terminal tail (CTD) of the

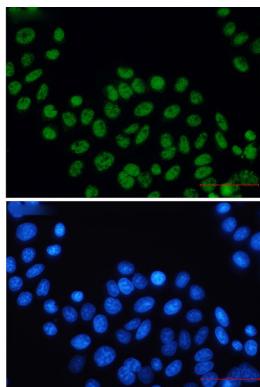
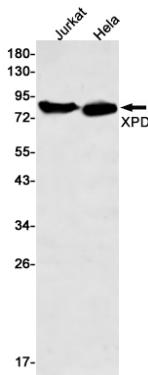
largest subunit of RNA polymerase II by the kinase module CAK controls the initiation of transcription. XPD/ERCC2 acts by forming a bridge between CAK and the core-TFIID complex. The structure of the TFIID transcription complex differs from the NER-TFIID complex; large movements by XPD/ERCC2 and XPB/ERCC3 are stabilized by XPA which allow this subunit to contact ssDNA (PubMed:[31253769](#), PubMed:[33902107](#)). Involved in the regulation of vitamin-D receptor activity. As part of the mitotic spindle-associated MMXD complex it plays a role in chromosome segregation. Might have a role in aging process and could play a causative role in the generation of skin cancers.

#### Cellular Location

Nucleus. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle

#### Images

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