

FGFR1 Antibody (Y154)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP7636h

Product Information

Application WB, E **Primary Accession** P11362 Reactivity Human Host Rabbit Clonality Polyclonal Isotype Rabbit IgG **Clone Names** RB12705 **Calculated MW** 91868 **Antigen Region** 132-161

Additional Information

Gene ID 2260

Other Names Fibroblast growth factor receptor 1, FGFR-1, Basic fibroblast growth factor

receptor 1, BFGFR, bFGF-R-1, Fms-like tyrosine kinase 2, FLT-2, N-sam, Proto-oncogene c-Fgr, CD331, FGFR1, BFGFR, CEK, FGFBR, FLG, FLT2, HBGFR

Target/Specificity This FGFR1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 132-161 amino acids from human

FGFR1.

Dilution WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions FGFR1 Antibody (Y154) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic

or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name FGFR1

Synonyms BFGFR, CEK, FGFBR, FLG, FLT2, HBGFR

Function Tyrosine-protein kinase that acts as a cell-surface receptor for fibroblast

growth factors and plays an essential role in the regulation of embryonic development, cell proliferation, differentiation and migration. Required for normal mesoderm patterning and correct axial organization during embryonic development, normal skeletogenesis and normal development of the gonadotropin-releasing hormone (GnRH) neuronal system. Phosphorylates PLCG1, FRS2, GAB1 and SHB. Ligand binding leads to the activation of several signaling cascades. Activation of PLCG1 leads to the production of the cellular signaling molecules diacylglycerol and inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate. Phosphorylation of FRS2 triggers recruitment of GRB2, GAB1, PIK3R1 and SOS1, and mediates activation of RAS, MAPK1/ERK2, MAPK3/ERK1 and the MAP kinase signaling pathway, as well as of the AKT1 signaling pathway. Promotes phosphorylation of SHC1, STAT1 and PTPN11/SHP2. In the nucleus, enhances RPS6KA1 and CREB1 activity and contributes to the regulation of transcription. FGFR1 signaling is down-regulated by IL17RD/SEF, and by FGFR1 ubiquitination, internalization and degradation.

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Nucleus. Cytoplasm, cytosol. Cytoplasmic vesicle. Note=After ligand binding, both receptor and ligand are rapidly internalized. Can translocate to the nucleus after internalization, or by translocation from the endoplasmic reticulum or Golgi apparatus to the cytosol, and from there to the nucleus

Tissue Location

Detected in astrocytoma, neuroblastoma and adrenal cortex cell lines. Some isoforms are detected in foreskin fibroblast cell lines, however isoform 17, isoform 18 and isoform 19 are not detected in these cells.

Background

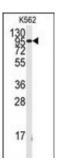
FGFR1 is a member of the fibroblast growth factor receptor family, where amino acid sequence is highly conserved between members and throughout evolution. FGFR family members differ from one another in their ligand affinities and tissue distribution. A full-length representative protein consists of an extracellular region, composed of three immunoglobulin-like domains, a single hydrophobic membrane-spanning segment and a cytoplasmic tyrosine kinase domain. The extracellular portion of the protein interacts with fibroblast growth factors, setting in motion a cascade of downstream signals, ultimately influencing mitogenesis and differentiation. This particular family member binds both acidic and basic fibroblast growth factors and is involved in limb induction. Mutations in this gene can lead to Pfeiffer syndrome and Jackson-Weiss syndrome.

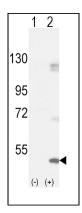
References

Jiao, J., et al., Arch. Biochem. Biophys. 410(2):187-200 (2003). Fu, L., et al., J. Comp. Neurol. 462(2):265-273 (2003). Lundin, L., et al., Exp. Cell Res. 287(1):190-198 (2003). Kiselyov, V.V., et al., Structure (Camb.) 11(6):691-701 (2003). Baumann, H., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 278(18):16198-16208 (2003).

Images

Western blot analysis of anti-FGFR1 Antibody (Y154) (Cat.#AP7636h) in K562 cell line lysates (35ug/lane).FGFR1 (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.





Western blot analysis of FGFR1 (arrow) using rabbit polyclonal FGFR1-pY154 (Cat.#AP7636h). 293 cell lysates (2 ug/lane) either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transiently transfected with the FGFR1 gene (Lane 2).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.