

# DDB1 Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP76465

## Product Information

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<b>Application</b>	WB, IHC-P
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">Q16531</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Rat, Human, Mouse
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal Antibody
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Conjugate</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Purification</b>	Affinity Purified
<b>Calculated MW</b>	126968

## Additional Information

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<b>Gene ID</b>	1642
<b>Other Names</b>	DDB1
<b>Dilution</b>	WB~~1:1000-1:5000 IHC-P~~N/A
<b>Format</b>	Liquid in 50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40%Glycerol, 0.01% sodium azide and 0.05% BSA.
<b>Storage</b>	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

## Protein Information

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<b>Name</b>	DDB1
<b>Synonyms</b>	XAP1
<b>Function</b>	Protein, which is both involved in DNA repair and protein ubiquitination, as part of the UV-DDB complex and DCX (DDB1-CUL4-X-box) complexes, respectively (PubMed: <a href="#">14739464</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">15448697</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">16260596</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">16407242</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">16407252</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">16482215</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">16940174</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">17079684</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">25970626</a> ). Core component of the UV-DDB complex (UV-damaged DNA-binding protein complex), a complex that recognizes UV-induced DNA damage and recruit proteins of the nucleotide excision repair pathway (the NER pathway) to initiate DNA repair (PubMed: <a href="#">15448697</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">16260596</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">16407242</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">16940174</a> ). The UV-DDB complex preferentially binds to cyclobutane pyrimidine dimers (CPD), 6-4 photoproducts (6-4 PP), apurinic sites and short mismatches (PubMed: <a href="#">15448697</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">16260596</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">16407242</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">16940174</a> ). Also functions as a component of numerous distinct DCX

(DDB1-CUL4-X-box) E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase complexes which mediate the ubiquitination and subsequent proteasomal degradation of target proteins (PubMed:[14739464](#), PubMed:[16407252](#), PubMed:[16482215](#), PubMed:[17079684](#), PubMed:[18332868](#), PubMed:[18381890](#), PubMed:[19966799](#), PubMed:[22118460](#), PubMed:[25043012](#), PubMed:[25108355](#), PubMed:[28886238](#)). The functional specificity of the DCX E3 ubiquitin- protein ligase complex is determined by the variable substrate recognition component recruited by DDB1 (PubMed:[14739464](#), PubMed:[16407252](#), PubMed:[16482215](#), PubMed:[17079684](#), PubMed:[18332868](#), PubMed:[18381890](#), PubMed:[19966799](#), PubMed:[22118460](#), PubMed:[25043012](#), PubMed:[25108355](#)). DCX(DDB2) (also known as DDB1-CUL4-ROC1, CUL4-DDB- ROC1 and CUL4-DDB-RBX1) may ubiquitinate histone H2A, histone H3 and histone H4 at sites of UV-induced DNA damage (PubMed:[16473935](#), PubMed:[16678110](#), PubMed:[17041588](#), PubMed:[18593899](#)). The ubiquitination of histones may facilitate their removal from the nucleosome and promote subsequent DNA repair (PubMed:[16473935](#), PubMed:[16678110](#), PubMed:[17041588](#), PubMed:[18593899](#)). DCX(DDB2) also ubiquitinates XPC, which may enhance DNA-binding by XPC and promote NER (PubMed:[15882621](#)). DCX(DTL) plays a role in PCNA-dependent polyubiquitination of CDT1 and MDM2-dependent ubiquitination of TP53 in response to radiation-induced DNA damage and during DNA replication (PubMed:[17041588](#)). DCX(ERCC8) (the CSA complex) plays a role in transcription-coupled repair (TCR) (PubMed:[12732143](#), PubMed:[32355176](#), PubMed:[38316879](#)). The DDB1-CUL4A-DTL E3 ligase complex regulates the circadian clock function by mediating the ubiquitination and degradation of CRY1 (PubMed:[26431207](#)). DDB1- mediated CRY1 degradation promotes FOXO1 protein stability and FOXO1- mediated gluconeogenesis in the liver (By similarity). By acting on TET dioxygenases, essential for oocyte maintenance at the primordial follicle stage, hence essential for female fertility (By similarity). Maternal factor required for proper zygotic genome activation and genome reprogramming (By similarity).

### Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=Primarily cytoplasmic (PubMed:[10777491](#), PubMed:[11673459](#)). Translocates to the nucleus following UV irradiation and subsequently accumulates at sites of DNA damage (PubMed:[10777491](#), PubMed:[11673459](#)). More concentrated in nuclei than in cytoplasm in germinal vesicle (GV) stage oocytes, zygotes and the 2-cell stage, but distributed in the cytoplasm at the MII-stage oocytes (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q3U1J4, ECO:0000269|PubMed:[10777491](#), ECO:0000269|PubMed:[11673459](#)}

## Background

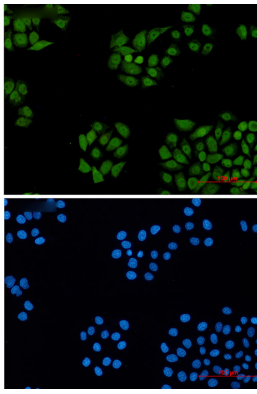
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The protein encoded by this gene is the large subunit (p127) of the heterodimeric DNA damage-binding (DDB) complex while another protein (p48) forms the small subunit. This protein complex functions in nucleotide-excision repair and binds to DNA following UV damage. Defective activity of this complex causes the repair defect in patients with xeroderma pigmentosum complementation group E (XPE) - an autosomal recessive disorder characterized by photosensitivity and early onset of carcinomas. However, it remains for mutation analysis to demonstrate whether the defect in XPE patients is in this gene or the gene encoding the small subunit. In addition, Best vitelliform macular dystrophy is mapped to the same region as this gene on 11q, but no sequence alternations of this gene are demonstrated in Best disease patients. The protein encoded by this gene also functions as an adaptor molecule for the cullin 4 (CUL4) ubiquitin E3 ligase complex by facilitating the binding of substrates to this complex and the ubiquitination of proteins.

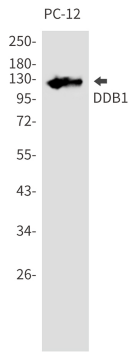
## Images

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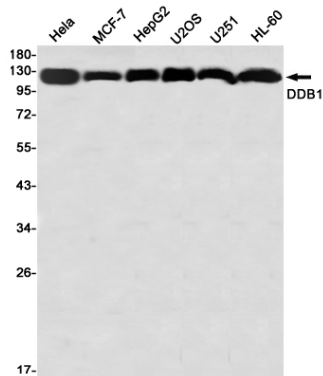
Immunocytochemistry analysis of DDB1 (green) in Hela



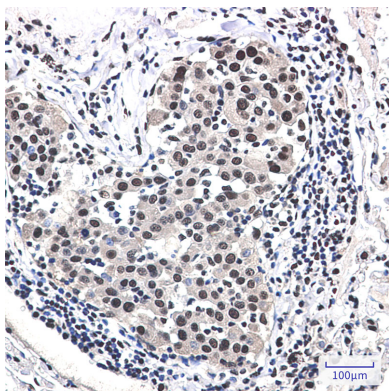
using DDB1 antibody, and DAPI(blue).



Western blot analysis of DDB1 in PC-12 lysates using DDB1 antibody.



Western blot analysis of DDB1 in HeLa, MCF-7, HepG2, U2OS, U251, HL-60 lysates using DDB1 antibody



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded Human lung cancer using DDB1 antibody. High-pressure and temperature Sodium Citrate pH 6.0 was used for antigen retrieval.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.