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ErbB3 / HER3 Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP76487

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, FC
Primary Accession	P21860
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Monoclonal Antibody
Isotype	IgG
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Purification	Affinity Purified
Calculated MW	148098

Additional Information

Gene ID	2065
Other Names	ERBB3
Dilution	WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~N/A FC~~1:10~50
Format	Liquid in 50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40%Glycerol, 0.01% sodium azide and 0.05% BSA.
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Protein Information

Name	ERBB3
Synonyms	HER3
Function	Tyrosine kinase receptor that, despite substitutions of key catalytic residues in the kinase domain, retains residual catalytic activity enabling autophosphorylation (PubMed:9148746, PubMed:20351256). Functions primarily as a heterodimer, preferentially partnering with ERBB2/HER2, which phosphorylates ERBB3 on specific tyrosine residues and provides the kinase activity required for downstream signaling (PubMed:22983903). Binds neuregulins NRG1 and NRG2 through its extracellular domain, which induces conformational change from a tethered autoinhibited state to an extended conformation competent for dimerization (PubMed:20682778). Upon heterodimerization and trans-phosphorylation, acts as the most efficient activator of the PI3K/AKT pathway within the ErbB family (PubMed:22983903). Also activates the RAS/MAPK/ERK cascade to promote cell proliferation (PubMed:22983903). Plays an essential role in cardiac development; required

	for normal formation of the endocardial cushion and ventricular trabeculation during embryogenesis (Potential). Critical for peripheral nervous system development, where neuregulin-1/ERBB3 signaling drives Schwann cell survival, proliferation, and differentiation, and is required for axonal myelination (By similarity). Involved in epithelial morphogenesis and mammary gland development (By similarity). Also involved in the regulation of myeloid cell differentiation (PubMed:27416908). Participates in a regulatory feedback loop whereby pathway activation induces transcriptional up-regulation of ERBB3 expression (PubMed:21368164). Participates in vesicular sorting by stabilizing the ARF6-GGA3-RABEP1 endosomal sorting complex, to promote early recycling of TFRC and ITGB1 (PubMed:41348103). May also be activated by additional ligands including CSPG5 and EGFL6; the latter triggers assembly of an ERBB2/ERBB3/ITGB3 signaling complex leading to ERK phosphorylation and cell proliferation (PubMed:15358134, PubMed:41151154).
Cellular Location	[Isoform 1]: Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein
Tissue Location	Epithelial tissues and brain.

Background

This membrane-bound protein has a neuregulin binding domain but not an active kinase domain. It therefore can bind this ligand but not convey the signal into the cell through protein phosphorylation. However, it does form heterodimers with other EGF receptor family members which do have kinase activity. Heterodimerization leads to the activation of pathways which lead to cell proliferation or differentiation.

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