

c-KIT Antibody (C-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP7656b

Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, E **Primary Accession** P10721

Other Accession Q2HWD6, P43481, Q99662
Reactivity Human, Rat, Mouse

Predicted Pig, Bovine Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal Isotype Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW 109865
Antigen Region 912-941

Additional Information

Gene ID 3815

Other Names Mast/stem cell growth factor receptor Kit, SCFR, Piebald trait protein, PBT,

Proto-oncogene c-Kit, Tyrosine-protein kinase Kit, p145 c-kit, v-kit

Hardy-Zuckerman 4 feline sarcoma viral oncogene homolog, CD117, KIT, SCFR

Target/Specificity This c-KIT antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 912-941 amino acids of human c-KIT.

Dilution WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:100 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions c-KIT Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic

or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name KIT

Synonyms SCFR

Function Tyrosine-protein kinase that acts as a cell-surface receptor for the cytokine

KITLG/SCF and plays an essential role in the regulation of cell survival and proliferation, hematopoiesis, stem cell maintenance, gametogenesis, mast cell development, migration and function, and in melanogenesis. In response to KITLG/SCF binding, KIT can activate several signaling pathways. Phosphorylates PIK3R1, PLCG1, SH2B2/APS and CBL. Activates the AKT1 signaling pathway by phosphorylation of PIK3R1, the regulatory subunit of phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase. Activated KIT also transmits signals via GRB2 and activation of RAS, RAF1 and the MAP kinases MAPK1/ERK2 and/or MAPK3/ERK1. Promotes activation of STAT family members STAT1, STAT3, STAT5A and STAT5B. Activation of PLCG1 leads to the production of the cellular signaling molecules diacylglycerol and inositol 1,4,5- trisphosphate. KIT signaling is modulated by protein phosphatases, and by rapid internalization and degradation of the receptor. Activated KIT promotes phosphorylation of the protein phosphatases PTPN6/SHP-1 and PTPRU, and of the transcription factors STAT1, STAT3, STAT5A and STAT5B. Promotes phosphorylation of PIK3R1, CBL, CRK (isoform Crk-II), LYN, MAPK1/ERK2 and/or MAPK3/ERK1, PLCG1, SRC and SHC1.

Cellular Location

[Isoform 1]: Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein [Isoform 3]: Cytoplasm. Note=Detected in the cytoplasm of spermatozoa, especially in the equatorial and subacrosomal region of the sperm head.

Tissue Location

[Isoform 3]: In testis, detected in spermatogonia in the basal layer and in interstitial Leydig cells but not in Sertoli cells or spermatocytes inside the seminiferous tubules (at protein level) (PubMed:20601678). Expression is maintained in ejaculated spermatozoa (at protein level) (PubMed:20601678)

Background

KIT encodes the human homolog of the proto-oncogene c-kit. C-kit was first identified as the cellular homolog of the feline sarcoma viral oncogene v-kit. KIT is a type 3 transmembrane receptor for MGF (mast cell growth factor, also known as stem cell factor). Mutations in KIT are associated with gastrointestinal stromal tumors, mast cell disease, acute myelogenous lukemia, and piebaldism.

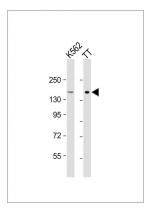
References

Wardelmann, E., et al., Int. J. Cancer 106(6):887-895 (2003). Lennartsson, J., et al., Exp. Cell Res. 288(1):110-118 (2003). Sakuma, Y., et al., Cancer Sci 94(6):486-491 (2003). Araki, K., et al., Lung Cancer 40(2):173-180 (2003). Voytyuk, O., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 278(11):9159-9166 (2003).

Images



AP7656b staining c-KIT in human breast carcinoma tissue sections by Immunohistochemistry (IHC-P - paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin-embedded sections). Samples were incubated with primary antibody (1/100) for 1 hours at room temperature. A undiluted biotinylated goat polyvalent antibody was used as the secondary antibody.



All lanes: Anti-c-KIT Antibody (C-term) at 1:1000 dilution Lane 1: K562 whole cell lysate Lane 2: TT whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size: 110 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.