10320 Camino Santa Fe, Suite G
San Diego, CA 92121
Tel: 858.875.1900 Fax: 858.875.1999

SBDS Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP76704

Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	Q9Y3A5
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Monoclonal Antibody
Isotype	IgG
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Purification	Affinity Purified
Calculated MW	28764

Additional Information

Gene ID	51119
Other Names	SBDS
Dilution	WB~~1:1000
Format	Liquid in 50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40%Glycerol, 0.01% sodium azide and 0.05% BSA.
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Protein Information

Name	SBDS
Function	Required for the assembly of mature ribosomes and ribosome biogenesis. Together with EFL1, triggers the GTP-dependent release of EIF6 from 60S pre-ribosomes in the cytoplasm, thereby activating ribosomes for translation competence by allowing 80S ribosome assembly and facilitating EIF6 recycling to the nucleus, where it is required for 60S rRNA processing and nuclear export. Required for normal levels of protein synthesis. May play a role in cellular stress resistance. May play a role in cellular response to DNA damage. May play a role in cell proliferation.
Cellular Location	Cytoplasm. Nucleus, nucleolus. Nucleus, nucleoplasm. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle. Note=Primarily detected in the cytoplasm, and at low levels in nucleus and nucleolus (PubMed:17475909, PubMed:19602484). Detected in the nucleolus during G1 and G2 phase of the cell cycle, and diffusely distributed in the nucleus during S phase. Detected at the mitotic spindle. Colocalizes with the microtubule organizing center during interphase

(PubMed:19759903).

Tissue Location Widely expressed.

Background

Shwachman-Bodian-Diamond syndrome (SBDS) is a member of a highly conserved protein family that exists from archaea to vertebrates and plants. The protein may function in RNA metabolism. Mutations within its gene are associated with Shwachman-Bodian-Diamond syndrome. This gene encodes a member of a highly conserved protein family that exists from archaea to vertebrates and plants. The encoded protein may function in RNA metabolism. Mutations within this gene are associated with Shwachman-Bodian-Diamond syndrome. An alternative transcript has been described, but its biological nature has not been determined. This gene has a closely linked pseudogene that is distally located. This antibody is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against a full-length human SBDS protein, recognizes specifically the 29kd SBDS protein.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.