

# TACC3 Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP76729

## Product Information

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<b>Application</b>	WB, IHC-P
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">Q9Y6A5</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Rat, Human, Mouse
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal Antibody
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Conjugate</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Purification</b>	Affinity Purified
<b>Calculated MW</b>	90360

## Additional Information

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<b>Gene ID</b>	10460
<b>Other Names</b>	TACC3
<b>Dilution</b>	WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~N/A
<b>Format</b>	Liquid in 50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40%Glycerol, 0.01% sodium azide and 0.05% BSA.
<b>Storage</b>	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

## Protein Information

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<b>Name</b>	TACC3
<b>Synonyms</b>	ERIC1
<b>Function</b>	Plays a role in the microtubule-dependent coupling of the nucleus and the centrosome. Involved in the processes that regulate centrosome-mediated interkinetic nuclear migration (INM) of neural progenitors (By similarity). Acts as a component of the TACC3/ch- TOG/clathrin complex proposed to contribute to stabilization of kinetochore fibers of the mitotic spindle by acting as inter- microtubule bridge. The TACC3/ch-TOG/clathrin complex is required for the maintenance of kinetochore fiber tension (PubMed: <a href="#">21297582</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">23532825</a> ). May be involved in the control of cell growth and differentiation. May contribute to cancer (PubMed: <a href="#">14767476</a> ).
<b>Cellular Location</b>	Cytoplasm. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle pole {ECO:0000250   UniProtKB:Q9PTG8}. Note=In complex with

CKAP5 localized to microtubule plus-ends in mitosis and interphase. In complex with CKAP5 and clathrin localized to inter-microtubule bridges in mitotic spindles.

## **Background**

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TACC family members, TACC1, TACC2, and TACC3, map very closely to the corresponding FGFR1, FGFR2, FGFR3 genes on chromosomes 4,8, and 10. Subsequently, since they are phylogenetically related, it is proposed that TACC and FGFR have similar roles in cell growth and differentiation.

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