



TATA Box Binding Protein Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP76731

Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, IP, ICC

Primary Accession P20226

Reactivity Human, Mouse

Host Rabbit

Clonality Monoclonal Antibody

Calculated MW 37698

Additional Information

Gene ID 6908

Other Names TBP

Dilution WB~~1/500-1/1000 IHC-P~~N/A IHC-F~~N/A IP~~1/20 ICC~~N/A

Format Liquid

Protein Information

Name TBP

Synonyms GTF2D1, TF2D, TFIID {ECO:0000303 | PubMed:

Function The TFIID basal transcription factor complex plays a major role in the

initiation of RNA polymerase II (Pol II)-dependent transcription

(PubMed: <u>33795473</u>). TFIID recognizes and binds promoters with or without a

TATA box via its subunit TBP, a TATA-box-binding protein, and promotes

assembly of the pre-initiation complex (PIC) (PubMed: 2194289,

PubMed:<u>2363050</u>, PubMed:<u>2374612</u>, PubMed:<u>27193682</u>, PubMed:<u>33795473</u>).

The TFIID complex consists of TBP and TBP-associated factors (TAFs),

including TAF1, TAF2, TAF3, TAF4, TAF5, TAF6, TAF7, TAF8, TAF9, TAF10, TAF11, TAF12 and TAF13 (PubMed: 27007846, PubMed: 33795473). The TFIID complex

structure can be divided into 3 modules TFIID-A, TFIID-B, and TFIID-C

(PubMed:<u>33795473</u>). TBP forms the TFIID-A module together with TAF3 and TAF5 (PubMed:<u>33795473</u>). TBP is a general transcription factor that functions

at the core of the TFIID complex (PubMed:<u>2194289</u>, PubMed:<u>2363050</u>,

PubMed:<u>2374612</u>, PubMed:<u>27193682</u>, PubMed:<u>33795473</u>, PubMed:<u>9836642</u>). During assembly of the core PIC on the promoter, as part of TFIID, TBP binds to and also bends promoter DNA, irrespective of whether the promoter contains a TATA box (PubMed:<u>33795473</u>). Component of a BRF2-containing

transcription factor complex that regulates transcription mediated by RNA polymerase III (PubMed: 26638071). Component of the transcription factor SL1/TIF-IB complex, which is involved in the assembly of the PIC during RNA

polymerase I-dependent transcription (PubMed:<u>15970593</u>). The rate of PIC formation probably is primarily dependent on the rate of association of SL1 with the rDNA promoter (PubMed:<u>15970593</u>). SL1 is involved in stabilization of nucleolar transcription factor 1/UBTF on rDNA (PubMed:<u>15970593</u>).

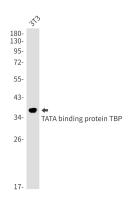
Cellular Location

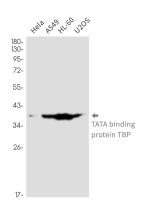
Nucleus.

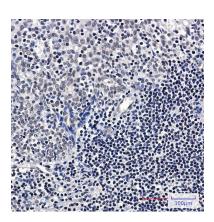
Tissue Location

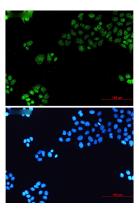
Widely expressed, with levels highest in the testis and ovary.

Images









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