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S6K1 Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP76805

Product Information

ApplicationWBPrimary AccessionP23443ReactivityHuman, RatHostRabbit

Clonality Monoclonal Antibody

Calculated MW 59140

Additional Information

Gene ID 6198

Other Names RPS6KB1

Dilution WB~~1/500-1/1000

Format 50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40%Glycerol, 0.01% sodium azide and

0.05% BSA.

Storage Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid

freeze/thaw cycles.

Protein Information

Name RPS6KB1

Synonyms STK14A

Function Serine/threonine-protein kinase that acts downstream of mTOR signaling in

response to growth factors and nutrients to promote cell proliferation, cell growth and cell cycle progression (PubMed: 11500364, PubMed: 12801526,

PubMed:14673156, PubMed:15071500, PubMed:15341740, PubMed:16286006, PubMed:17052453, PubMed:17053147, PubMed:17936702, PubMed:18952604, PubMed:19085255, PubMed:19720745, PubMed:19935711, PubMed:19995915,

PubMed:<u>22017876</u>, PubMed:<u>23429703</u>, PubMed:<u>28178239</u>). Regulates protein synthesis through phosphorylation of EIF4B, RPS6 and EEF2K, and contributes

to cell survival by repressing the pro-apoptotic function of BAD (PubMed: 11500364, PubMed: 12801526, PubMed: 14673156,

PubMed: 15071500, PubMed: 15341740, PubMed: 16286006, PubMed: 17052453, PubMed: 17053147, PubMed: 17936702, PubMed: 18952604, PubMed: 19085255, PubMed: 19720745, PubMed: 19935711, PubMed: 19995915, PubMed: 22017876,

PubMed:23429703, PubMed:28178239). Under conditions of nutrient

depletion, the inactive form associates with the EIF3 translation initiation complex (PubMed: 16286006). Upon mitogenic stimulation, phosphorylation by the mechanistic target of rapamycin complex 1 (mTORC1) leads to dissociation from the EIF3 complex and activation (PubMed:16286006). The active form then phosphorylates and activates several substrates in the pre-initiation complex, including the EIF2B complex and the cap-binding complex component EIF4B (PubMed: 16286006). Also controls translation initiation by phosphorylating a negative regulator of EIF4A, PDCD4, targeting it for ubiquitination and subsequent proteolysis (PubMed: 17053147). Promotes initiation of the pioneer round of protein synthesis by phosphorylating POLDIP3/SKAR (PubMed: 15341740). In response to IGF1, activates translation elongation by phosphorylating EEF2 kinase (EEF2K), which leads to its inhibition and thus activation of EEF2 (PubMed: 11500364). Also plays a role in feedback regulation of mTORC2 by mTORC1 by phosphorylating MAPKAP1/SIN1, MTOR and RICTOR, resulting in the inhibition of mTORC2 and AKT1 signaling (PubMed: 15899889, PubMed:19720745, PubMed:19935711, PubMed:19995915). Also involved in feedback regulation of mTORC1 and mTORC2 by phosphorylating DEPTOR (PubMed:22017876). Mediates cell survival by phosphorylating the pro-apoptotic protein BAD and suppressing its pro-apoptotic function (By similarity). Phosphorylates mitochondrial URI1 leading to dissociation of a URI1-PPP1CC complex (PubMed:17936702). The free mitochondrial PPP1CC can then dephosphorylate RPS6KB1 at Thr-412, which is proposed to be a negative feedback mechanism for the RPS6KB1 anti-apoptotic function (PubMed: 17936702). Mediates TNF-alpha-induced insulin resistance by phosphorylating IRS1 at multiple serine residues, resulting in accelerated degradation of IRS1 (PubMed: 18952604). In cells lacking functional TSC1-2 complex, constitutively phosphorylates and inhibits GSK3B (PubMed: 17052453). May be involved in cytoskeletal rearrangement through binding to neurabin (By similarity). Phosphorylates and activates the pyrimidine biosynthesis enzyme CAD, downstream of MTOR (PubMed:<u>23429703</u>). Following activation by mTORC1, phosphorylates EPRS and thereby plays a key role in fatty acid uptake by adipocytes and also most probably in interferon-gamma-induced translation inhibition (PubMed:28178239).

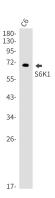
Cellular Location

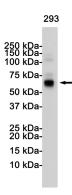
Synapse, synaptosome. Mitochondrion outer membrane. Mitochondrion. Note=Colocalizes with URI1 at mitochondrion [Isoform Alpha II]: Cytoplasm.

Tissue Location

Widely expressed..

Images





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