

XBP1 Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP76901

Product Information

Application	WB, IP
Primary Accession	<u>P17861</u>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Monoclonal Antibody
Calculated MW	28695

Additional Information

Gene ID	7494
Other Names	XBP1
Dilution	WB~~1/500-1/1000 IP~~1/20
Format	Liquid

Protein Information

Name	XBP1 (<u>HGNC:12801</u>)
Function	Functions as a transcription factor during endoplasmic reticulum (ER) stress by regulating the unfolded protein response (UPR). Required for cardiac myogenesis and hepatogenesis during embryonic development, and the development of secretory tissues such as exocrine pancreas and salivary gland (By similarity). Involved in terminal differentiation of B lymphocytes to plasma cells and production of immunoglobulins (PubMed: <u>11460154</u>). Modulates the cellular response to ER stress in a PIK3R-dependent manner (PubMed: <u>20348923</u>). Binds to the cis-acting X box present in the promoter regions of major histocompatibility complex class II genes (PubMed: <u>8349596</u>). Involved in VEGF-induced endothelial cell (EC) proliferation and retinal blood vessel formation during embryonic development but also for angiogenesis in adult tissues under ischemic conditions. Also functions as a major regulator of the UPR in obesity-induced insulin resistance and type 2 diabetes for the management of obesity and diabetes prevention (By similarity).
Cellular Location	Endoplasmic reticulum. Note=Colocalizes with ERN1 and KDR in the endoplasmic reticulum in endothelial cells in a vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF)-dependent manner (PubMed:23529610) [Isoform 2]: Nucleus. Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:O35426}. Note=Localizes predominantly in the nucleus. Colocalizes in the nucleus with SIRT1. Translocates into the nucleus in a PIK3R-, ER stress-induced- and/or insulin-dependent manner (By similarity). {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:O35426}

Tissue Location

Expressed in plasma cells in rheumatoid synovium (PubMed:11460154). Over-expressed in primary breast cancer and metastatic breast cancer cells (PubMed:25280941). Isoform 1 and isoform 2 are expressed at higher level in proliferating as compared to confluent quiescent endothelial cells (PubMed:19416856)

Images



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