

# RUNX2 Antibody (S533)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP7735d

#### **Product Information**

**Application** WB, IHC-P, FC, E

**Primary Accession** Q13950

Reactivity Human, Mouse

Host Rabbit Clonality Polyclonal Isotype Rabbit IgG **Calculated MW** 56648 **Antigen Region** 445-474

### **Additional Information**

Gene ID 860

**Other Names** Runt-related transcription factor 2, Acute myeloid leukemia 3 protein,

> Core-binding factor subunit alpha-1, CBF-alpha-1, Oncogene AML-3, Osteoblast-specific transcription factor 2, OSF-2, Polyomavirus

enhancer-binding protein 2 alpha A subunit, PEA2-alpha A, PEBP2-alpha A, SL3-3 enhancer factor 1 alpha A subunit, SL3/AKV core-binding factor alpha A

subunit, RUNX2, AML3, CBFA1, OSF2, PEBP2A

Target/Specificity This RUNX2 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 445-474 amino acids surrounding S465

of human RUNX2.

WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:100~500 FC~~1:10~50 E~~Use at an assay dependent **Dilution** 

concentration.

**Format** Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store **Storage** 

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** RUNX2 Antibody (S533) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic

or therapeutic procedures.

#### **Protein Information**

RUNX2 Name

**Synonyms** 

AML3, CBFA1, OSF2, PEBP2A

**Function** 

Transcription factor involved in osteoblastic differentiation and skeletal morphogenesis (PubMed:28505335, PubMed:28703881, PubMed:28738062). Essential for the maturation of osteoblasts and both intramembranous and endochondral ossification. CBF binds to the core site, 5'-PYGPYGGT-3', of a number of enhancers and promoters, including murine leukemia virus, polyomavirus enhancer, T-cell receptor enhancers, osteocalcin, osteopontin, bone sialoprotein, alpha 1(I) collagen, LCK, IL-3 and GM-CSF promoters. In osteoblasts, supports transcription activation: synergizes with SPEN/MINT to enhance FGFR2- mediated activation of the osteocalcin FGF-responsive element (OCFRE) (By similarity). Inhibits KAT6B-dependent transcriptional activation.

**Cellular Location** 

Nucleus. Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q08775}

**Tissue Location** 

Specifically expressed in osteoblasts.

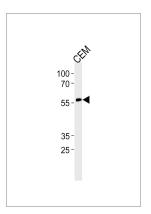
## **Background**

Runx2 is a member of the RUNX family of transcription factors. It is a nuclear protein with an Runt DNA-binding domain. This protein is essential for osteoblastic differentiation and skeletal morphogenesis and acts as a scaffold for nucleic acids and regulatory factors involved in skeletal gene expression. It can bind DNA both as a monomer or, with more affinity, as a subunit of a heterodimeric complex. Mutations in the Runx2 gene have been associated with the bone development disorder cleidocranial dysplasia (CCD).

#### References

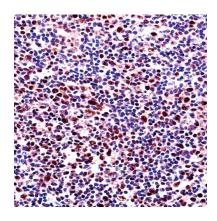
Rich, J.T., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 372 (1), 230-235 (2008) Ermakov, S., Ann. Hum. Genet. 72 (PT 4), 510-518 (2008) Endo, T., J. Clin. Endocrinol. Metab. 93 (6), 2409-2412 (2008)

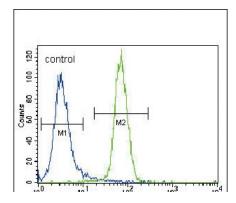
# **Images**



RUNX2 Antibody (S533) (Cat. #AP7735d) western blot analysis in CEM cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the RUNX2 antibody detected the RUNX2 protein (arrow).

RUNX2 Antibody (S533) (AP7735d)immunohistochemistry analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded human tonsil tissue followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of RUNX2 Antibody (S533) for immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.





RUNX2 Antibody (S533) (Cat. #AP7735d) flow cytometric analysis of NCI-H460 cells (right histogram) compared to a negative control cell (left histogram).FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

## **Citations**

- AGEs-Induced Calcification and Apoptosis in Human Vascular Smooth Muscle Cells Is Reversed by Inhibition of Autophagy
- PELP1 promotes the expression of RUNX2 via the ERK pathway during the osteogenic differentiation of human periodontal ligament stem cells
- LXR/RXR pathway signaling associated with triple-negative breast cancer in African American women.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.