

# Claudin 4 Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP77792

## Product Information

---

<b>Application</b>	WB, IHC-P, IP
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">O14493</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human, Mouse
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal Antibody
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Conjugate</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Purification</b>	Affinity Chromatography
<b>Calculated MW</b>	22077

## Additional Information

---

<b>Gene ID</b>	1364
<b>Other Names</b>	CLDN4
<b>Dilution</b>	WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~N/A IP~~N/A
<b>Format</b>	Liquid in 10mM PBS, pH 7.4, 150mM sodium chloride, 0.05% BSA, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol.
<b>Storage</b>	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

## Protein Information

---

<b>Name</b>	CLDN4 {ECO:0000303   PubMed:35773259, ECO:0000312   HGNC:HGNC:2046}
<b>Function</b>	Can associate with other claudins to regulate tight junction structural and functional strand dynamics (PubMed: <a href="#">35773259</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">36008380</a> ). May coassemble with CLDN8 into tight junction strands containing anion-selective channels that convey paracellular chloride permeability in renal collecting ducts (By similarity) (PubMed: <a href="#">36008380</a> ). May integrate into CLDN3 strands to modulate localized tight junction barrier properties (PubMed: <a href="#">35773259</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">36008380</a> ). May disrupt strand assembly of channel-forming CLDN2 and CLDN15 and inhibit cation conductance (PubMed: <a href="#">35773259</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">36008380</a> ). Cannot form tight junction strands on its own (PubMed: <a href="#">35773259</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">36008380</a> ).
<b>Cellular Location</b>	Cell junction, tight junction. Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

## Background

---

The protein encoded by this intronless gene belongs to the claudin family. Claudins are integral membrane proteins that are components of the epithelial cell tight junctions, which regulate movement of solutes and ions through the paracellular space. This protein is a high-affinity receptor for *Clostridium perfringens* enterotoxin (CPE) and may play a role in internal organ development and function during pre- and postnatal life. This gene is deleted in Williams-Beuren syndrome, a neurodevelopmental disorder affecting multiple systems.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.