

# **BRAF Antibody**

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP7810n

### **Product Information**

Application WB, FC, E
Primary Accession P15056
Reactivity Human
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW 84437

## **Additional Information**

Gene ID 673

Other Names Serine/threonine-protein kinase B-raf, Proto-oncogene B-Raf, p94, v-Raf

murine sarcoma viral oncogene homolog B1, BRAF, BRAF1, RAFB1

**Target/Specificity** This BRAF antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with BRAF

recombinant protein.

**Dilution** WB~~1:1000 FC~~1:10~50 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

**Format** Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** BRAF Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

#### **Protein Information**

Name BRAF ( HGNC:1097)

Synonyms BRAF1, RAFB1

**Function** Protein kinase involved in the transduction of mitogenic signals from the

cell membrane to the nucleus (Probable). Phosphorylates MAP2K1, and

thereby activates the MAP kinase signal transduction pathway (PubMed:21441910, PubMed:29433126). Phosphorylates PFKFB2 (PubMed:36402789). May play a role in the postsynaptic responses of

hippocampal neurons (PubMed: 1508179).

**Cellular Location** Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Cell membrane. Note=Colocalizes with RGS14 and RAF1

in both the cytoplasm and membranes.

**Tissue Location** Brain and testis.

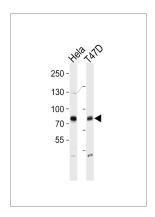
# **Background**

BRAF, a member of the RAF subfamily of Ser/Thr protein kinases, is involved in the transduction of mitogenic signals from the cell membrane to the nucleus. It may play a role in the postsynaptic responses of hippocampal neurons. This cytoplasmic protein is expressed in brain and testis. Defects in BRAF are involved in a wide range of cancers including lung cancer and non-Hodgkin lymphoma (NHL). This protein contains 1 zinc-dependent phorbol-ester and DAG binding domain.

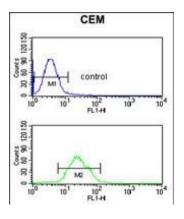
# References

Hingorani, S.R., et al., Cancer Res. 63(17):5198-5202 (2003). Lee, J.W., et al., Br. J. Cancer 89(10):1958-1960 (2003). Davies, H., et al., Nature 417(6892):949-954 (2002). Naoki, K., et al., Cancer Res. 62(23):7001-7003 (2002). Stephens, R.M., et al., Mol. Cell. Biol. 12(9):3733-3742 (1992).

# **Images**



BRAF Antibody (Cat. #AP7810n) western blot analysis in Hela,T47D cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the BRAF antibody detected the BRAF protein (arrow).



BRAF Antibody (Cat. #AP7810n) flow cytometric analysis of CEM cells (bottom histogram) compared to a negative control cell (top histogram).FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

# **Citations**

• BRAF drives synovial fibroblast transformation in rheumatoid arthritis.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.