

SLC22A1 Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP78231

Product Information

Application	WB, FC
Primary Accession	O15245
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Monoclonal Antibody
Isotype	IgG
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human SLC22A1
Purification	Affinity Purified
Calculated MW	61154

Additional Information

Gene ID	6580
Other Names	SLC22A1
Dilution	WB~~1/500-1/1000 FC~~1:10~50
Format	Liquid in 10mM PBS, pH 7.4, 150mM sodium chloride, 0.05% BSA, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol.
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Protein Information

Name	SLC22A1 (HGNC:10963)
Synonyms	OCT1
Function	Electrogenic voltage-dependent transporter that mediates the transport of a variety of organic cations such as endogenous bioactive amines, cationic drugs and xenobiotics (PubMed: 11388889 , PubMed: 11408531 , PubMed: 12439218 , PubMed: 12719534 , PubMed: 15389554 , PubMed: 16263091 , PubMed: 16272756 , PubMed: 16581093 , PubMed: 19536068 , PubMed: 21128598 , PubMed: 23680637 , PubMed: 24961373 , PubMed: 34040533 , PubMed: 9187257 , PubMed: 9260930 , PubMed: 9655880). Functions as a pH- and Na(+)-independent, bidirectional transporter (By similarity). Cation cellular uptake or release is driven by the electrochemical potential (i.e. membrane potential and concentration gradient) and substrate selectivity (By similarity). Hydrophobicity is a major requirement for recognition in polyvalent substrates and inhibitors (By

similarity). Primarily expressed at the basolateral membrane of hepatocytes and proximal tubules and involved in the uptake and disposition of cationic compounds by hepatic and renal clearance from the blood flow (By similarity). Most likely functions as an uptake carrier in enterocytes contributing to the intestinal elimination of organic cations from the systemic circulation (PubMed:[16263091](#)). Transports endogenous monoamines such as N-1-methylnicotinamide (NMN), guanidine, histamine, neurotransmitters dopamine, serotonin and adrenaline (PubMed:[12439218](#), PubMed:[24961373](#), PubMed:[35469921](#), PubMed:[9260930](#)). Also transports natural polyamines such as spermidine, agmatine and putrescine at low affinity, but relatively high turnover (PubMed:[21128598](#)). Involved in the hepatic uptake of vitamin B1/thiamine, hence regulating hepatic lipid and energy metabolism (PubMed:[24961373](#)). Mediates the bidirectional transport of acetylcholine (ACh) at the apical membrane of ciliated cell in airway epithelium, thereby playing a role in luminal release of ACh from bronchial epithelium (PubMed:[15817714](#)). Transports dopaminergic neuromodulators cyclo(his-pro) and salsolinol with lower efficiency (PubMed:[17460754](#)). Also capable of transporting non-amine endogenous compounds such as prostaglandin E2 (PGE2) and prostaglandin F2-alpha (PGF2-alpha) (PubMed:[11907186](#)). May contribute to the transport of cationic compounds in testes across the blood- testis-barrier (Probable). Also involved in the uptake of xenobiotics tributylmethylammonium (TBuMA), quinidine, N-methyl-quinine (NMQ), N- methyl-quinidine (NMQD) N-(4,4-azo-n-pentyl)-quinuclidine (APQ), azidoprocainamide methiodide (AMP), N-(4,4-azo-n-pentyl)-21- deoxyajmalinium (APDA) and 4-(4-(dimethylamino)styryl)-N- methylpyridinium (ASP) (PubMed:[11408531](#), PubMed:[15389554](#), PubMed:[35469921](#), PubMed:[9260930](#)).

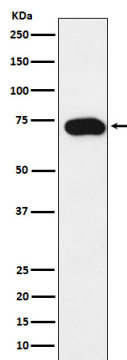
Cellular Location

Basolateral cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Apical cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Lateral cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Basal cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Note=Localized to the sinusoidal/basolateral membrane of hepatocytes (By similarity). Mainly localized to the basolateral membrane of renal proximal tubular cells (By similarity). However, also identified at the apical side of proximal tubular cells (PubMed:19536068). Mainly expressed at the lateral membrane of enterocytes (PubMed:16263091). Also observed at the apical side of enterocytes (PubMed:23680637). Localized to the luminal/apical membrane of ciliated epithelial cells in bronchi (PubMed:15817714). Localized to the basal membrane of Sertoli cells (PubMed:35307651) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q63089, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15817714, ECO:0000269|PubMed:16263091, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19536068, ECO:0000269|PubMed:23680637, ECO:0000269|PubMed:35307651}

Tissue Location

Widely expressed with high level in liver (PubMed:11388889, PubMed:23680637, PubMed:9187257, PubMed:9260930). In liver, expressed around the central vein (PubMed:16263091). Expressed in kidney (PubMed:9187257, PubMed:9260930). Expressed in small intestine enterocytes (PubMed:16263091, PubMed:23680637). Localized to peritubular myoid cells, Leydig cells and moderately to the basal membrane of Sertoli cells in testes (PubMed:35307651). Expressed in tracheal and bronchial ciliated epithelium in the respiratory tract (PubMed:15817714). Also expressed in skeletal muscle, stomach, spleen, heart, placenta, colon, brain, granulocytes and lymphocytes (PubMed:9187257, PubMed:9260930). [Isoform 2]: Expressed in liver and in glial cell lines. [Isoform 4]: Expressed in glial cell lines. Not expressed in liver.

Images



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