

FHIT Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP78345

Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	P49789
Reactivity	Rat, Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Monoclonal Antibody
Isotype	IgG
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human FHIT
Purification	Affinity Purified
Calculated MW	16858

Additional Information

Gene ID	2272
Other Names	FHIT
Dilution	WB~~1/500-1/1000
Format	Liquid in 10mM PBS, pH 7.4, 150mM sodium chloride, 0.05% BSA, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol.
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Protein Information

Name	FHIT
Function	Possesses dinucleoside triphosphate hydrolase activity (PubMed: 12574506 , PubMed: 15182206 , PubMed: 8794732 , PubMed: 9323207 , PubMed: 9543008 , PubMed: 9576908). Cleaves P(1)-P(3)-bis(5'-adenosyl) triphosphate (Ap3A) to yield AMP and ADP (PubMed: 12574506 , PubMed: 15182206 , PubMed: 8794732 , PubMed: 9323207 , PubMed: 9543008 , PubMed: 9576908). Can also hydrolyze P(1)-P(4)-bis(5'-adenosyl) tetraphosphate (Ap4A), but has extremely low activity with ATP (PubMed: 8794732). Exhibits adenylylsulfatase activity, hydrolyzing adenosine 5'-phosphosulfate to yield AMP and sulfate (PubMed: 18694747). Exhibits adenosine 5'-monophosphoramidase activity, hydrolyzing purine nucleotide phosphoramidates with a single phosphate group such as adenosine 5'monophosphoramidate (AMP-NH ₂) to yield AMP and NH ₂ (PubMed: 18694747). Exhibits adenylylsulfate-ammonia adenylyltransferase, catalyzing the ammonolysis of adenosine 5'-phosphosulfate resulting in the formation of adenosine 5'- phosphoramidate

(PubMed:[26181368](#)). Also catalyzes the ammonolysis of adenosine 5-phosphorofluoridate and diadenosine triphosphate (PubMed:[26181368](#)). Modulates transcriptional activation by CTNNB1 and thereby contributes to regulate the expression of genes essential for cell proliferation and survival, such as CCND1 and BIRC5 (PubMed:[18077326](#)). Plays a role in the induction of apoptosis via SRC and AKT1 signaling pathways (PubMed:[16407838](#)). Inhibits MDM2-mediated proteasomal degradation of p53/TP53 and thereby plays a role in p53/TP53-mediated apoptosis (PubMed:[15313915](#)). Induction of apoptosis depends on the ability of FHIT to bind P(1)-P(3)-bis(5'-adenosyl) triphosphate or related compounds, but does not require its catalytic activity, it may in part come from the mitochondrial form, which sensitizes the low-affinity Ca(2+) transporters, enhancing mitochondrial calcium uptake (PubMed:[12574506](#), PubMed:[19622739](#)). Functions as a tumor suppressor (By similarity).

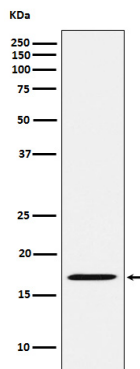
Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Mitochondrion. Nucleus

Tissue Location

Low levels expressed in all tissues tested. Phospho-FHIT observed in liver and kidney, but not in brain and lung Phospho-FHIT undetected in all tested human tumor cell lines

Images



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