

C1QA Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP78868

Product Information

ApplicationWB, IHC-PPrimary AccessionP02745ReactivityRat, HumanHostRabbit

Clonality Monoclonal Antibody

Isotype IgG

Conjugate Unconjugated

Immunogen A synthesized peptide derived from human C1QA

Purification Affinity Chromatography

Calculated MW 26017

Additional Information

Gene ID 712

Other Names C1QA

Dilution WB~~1/500-1/1000 IHC-P~~N/A

Format Liquid in 10mM PBS, pH 7.4, 150mM sodium chloride, 0.05% BSA, 0.02%

sodium azide and 50% glycerol.

Storage Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid

freeze/thaw cycles.

Protein Information

Name C1QA {ECO:0000303 | PubMed:1706597, ECO:0000312 | HGNC:HGNC:1241}

Function Core component of the complement C1 complex, a multiprotein complex

that initiates the classical pathway of the complement system, a cascade of proteins that leads to phagocytosis and breakdown of pathogens and signaling that strengthens the adaptive immune system (PubMed:12847249, PubMed:19006321, PubMed:24626930, PubMed:29449492, PubMed:3258649, PubMed:34155115, PubMed:6249812, PubMed:6776418). The classical complement pathway is initiated by the C1Q subcomplex of the C1 complex, which specifically binds IgG or IgM immunoglobulins complexed with antigens, forming antigen-antibody complexes on the surface of pathogens: C1QA, together with C1QB and C1QC, specifically recognizes and binds the Fc regions of IgG or IgM via its C1q domain (PubMed:12847249,

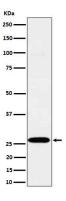
PubMed: 19006321, PubMed: 24626930, PubMed: 29449492, PubMed: 3258649, PubMed: 6776418). Immunoglobulin-binding activates the proenzyme C1R, which cleaves C1S, initiating the proteolytic cascade of the complement

system (PubMed:<u>29449492</u>). The C1Q subcomplex is activated by a hexamer of IgG complexed with antigens, while it is activated by a pentameric IgM (PubMed:<u>19706439</u>, PubMed:<u>24626930</u>, PubMed:<u>29449492</u>). The C1Q subcomplex also recognizes and binds phosphatidylserine exposed on the surface of cells undergoing programmed cell death, possibly promoting activation of the complement system (PubMed:<u>18250442</u>).

Cellular Location

Secreted. Cell surface. Note=Specifically binds IgG or IgM immunoglobulins complexed with antigens, forming antigen-antibody complexes on the surface of pathogens.

Images



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