

# GARS Antibody (C-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP7952b

## Product Information

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<b>Application</b>	WB, E
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">P41250</a>
<b>Other Accession</b>	<a href="#">NP_002038</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human, Rat, Mouse
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Isotype</b>	Rabbit IgG
<b>Clone Names</b>	RB11217
<b>Calculated MW</b>	83166
<b>Antigen Region</b>	706-739

## Additional Information

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<b>Gene ID</b>	2617
<b>Other Names</b>	Glycine--tRNA ligase, Diadenosine tetraphosphate synthetase, AP-4-A synthetase, Glycyl-tRNA synthetase, GlyRS, GARS
<b>Target/Specificity</b>	This GARS antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 706-739 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human GARS.
<b>Dilution</b>	WB~~1:2000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
<b>Format</b>	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
<b>Storage</b>	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Precautions</b>	GARS Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## Protein Information

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<b>Name</b>	GARS1 ( <a href="#">HGNC:4162</a> )
<b>Synonyms</b>	GARS
<b>Function</b>	Catalyzes the ATP-dependent ligation of glycine to the 3'-end of its cognate

tRNA, via the formation of an aminoacyl-adenylate intermediate (Gly-AMP) (PubMed:[17544401](#), PubMed:[24898252](#), PubMed:[28675565](#)). Also produces diadenosine tetraphosphate (Ap4A), a universal pleiotropic signaling molecule needed for cell regulation pathways, by direct condensation of 2 ATPs. Thereby, may play a special role in Ap4A homeostasis (PubMed:[19710017](#)).

### Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Cell projection, axon. Secreted {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9CZD3}. Secreted, extracellular exosome {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9CZD3}. Note=In transfected COS7 cells, not detected in mitochondria, nor in Golgi apparatus (PubMed:17035524) Secreted by motor neuron, possibly through the exosome pathway (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9CZD3, ECO:0000269|PubMed:17035524} [Isoform 2]: Cytoplasm. Cell projection, axon

### Tissue Location

Widely expressed, including in brain and spinal cord. [Isoform 1]: Expressed in brain, spinal cord, muscle, heart, spleen and liver.

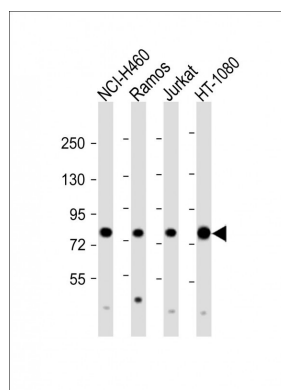
## Background

GARS is a glycyl-tRNA synthetase, one of the aminoacyl-tRNA synthetases that charge tRNAs with their cognate amino acids. This protein is an (alpha)<sub>2</sub> dimer which belongs to the class II family of tRNA synthetases. The protein has been shown to be a target of autoantibodies in the human autoimmune diseases, polymyositis or dermatomyositis.

## References

Shiba K., Schimmel P.J. Biol. Chem. 269:30049-30055(1994) Antonellis A., Ellsworth R.E.Am. J. Hum. Genet. 72:1293-1299(2003)

## Images



All lanes : Anti-GARS Antibody (C-term) at 1:2000 dilution  
Lane 1: NCI-H460 whole cell lysate Lane 2: Ramos whole cell lysate Lane 3: Jurkat whole cell lysate Lane 4: HT-1080 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane.  
Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 83 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.