

PD-L1-Rmab

Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody (Mab) Catalog # AP80078

Product Information

Application	IHC-P, E
Primary Accession	<u>Q9NZQ7</u>
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clone Names	BK58
Calculated MW	33275

Additional Information

Gene ID	29126
Other Names	Programmed cell death 1 ligand 1, PD-L1, PDCD1 ligand 1, Programmed death ligand 1, B7 homolog 1, B7-H1, CD274, CD274, B7H1, PDCD1L1, PDCD1LG1, PDL1, PDL-1
Target/Specificity	Recombinant anti-PD-L1 monoclonal antibody recognizes endogenous levels of total PD-L1 protein.
Dilution	IHC-P~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified recombination monoclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.05% (W/V) Proclin300, and 0.05% BSA. This antibody is purified through a protein A column.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	PD-L1-Rmab is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	CD274 (<u>HGNC:17635</u>)
Function	Plays a critical role in induction and maintenance of immune tolerance to self (PubMed: <u>11015443</u> , PubMed: <u>28813410</u> , PubMed: <u>28813417</u> , PubMed: <u>31399419</u>). As a ligand for the inhibitory receptor PDCD1/PD-1, modulates the activation threshold of T-cells and limits T-cell effector response (PubMed: <u>11015443</u> , PubMed: <u>28813410</u> , PubMed: <u>28813417</u> , PubMed: <u>36727298</u>). Through a yet unknown activating receptor, may costimulate T-cell subsets that predominantly produce interleukin-10 (IL10)

	(PubMed: <u>10581077</u>). Can also act as a transcription coactivator: in response to hypoxia, translocates into the nucleus via its interaction with phosphorylated STAT3 and promotes transcription of GSDMC, leading to pyroptosis (PubMed: <u>32929201</u>).
Cellular Location	Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Early endosome membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Recycling endosome membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Nucleus. Note=Associates with CMTM6 at recycling endosomes, where it is protected from being targeted for lysosomal degradation (PubMed:28813417). Translocates to the nucleus in response to hypoxia via its interaction with phosphorylated STAT3 (PubMed:32929201). [Isoform 2]: Endomembrane system; Single-pass type I membrane protein
Tissue Location	Highly expressed in the heart, skeletal muscle, placenta and lung. Weakly expressed in the thymus, spleen, kidney and liver. Expressed on activated T-and B-cells, dendritic cells, keratinocytes and monocytes.

Background

Programmed cell death 1 ligand 1 (PD-L1, B7-H1, CD274) is a member of the B7 family of cell surface ligands that regulate T cell activation and immune responses. The PD-L1 ligand binds the PD-1 transmembrane receptor and inhibits T cell activation. PD-L1 was discovered following a search for novel B7 protein homologs and was later shown to be expressed by antigen presenting cells, activated T cells, and tissues including placenta, heart, and lung. Similar in structure to related B7 family members, PD-L1 protein contains extracellular IgV and IgC domains and a short, cytoplasmic region. Research studies demonstrate that PD-L1 is expressed in several tumor types, including melanoma, ovary, colon, lung, breast, and renal cell carcinomas. Expression of PD-L1 in cancer is associated with tumor-infiltrating lymphocytes, which mediate PD-L1 expression through the release of interferon gamma. Additional research links PD-L1 expression to cancers associated with viral infections. Involved in the costimulatory signal, essential for T- cell proliferation and production of IL10 and IFNG, in an IL2- dependent and a PDCD1-independent manner. Interaction with PDCD1 inhibits T-cell proliferation and cytokine production.

References

Dong H.,et al.Nat. Med. 5:1365-1369(1999). Freeman G.J.,et al.J. Exp. Med. 192:1027-1034(2000). He X.-H.,et al.Acta Pharmacol. Sin. 26:462-468(2005). Chi X.-Y.,et al.Submitted (NOV-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Ota T.,et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004). Dong, H. et al. (1999) Nat Med 5, 1365-9. Freeman, G.J. et al. (2000) J Exp Med 192, 1027-34. Liang, S.C. et al. (2003) Eur J Immunol 33, 2706-16. Dong, H. et al. (2002) Nat Med 8, 793-800. Thompson, R.H. et al. (2006) Cancer Res 66, 3381-5. Pardoll, D.M. (2012) Nat Rev Cancer 12, 252-64. Taube, J.M. et al. (2012) Sci Transl Med 4, 127ra37. Lyford-Pike, S. et al. (2013) Cancer Res 73, 1733-41. Chen, B.J. et al. (2013) Clin Cancer Res 19, 3462-73. Wimberly, H. et al. (2014) Cancer Immunol Res , .

Images

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human tonsil tissue using AP80078 performed on the Abcarta® FAIP-48 Fully automated IHC platform.Tissue





was fixed with formaldehyde at room temperature, antigen retrieval was by heat mediation with a EDTA buffer (pH9. 0). Samples were incubated with primary antibody for 15 min at room temperature. AmpSeeTM Detection Systems(Abcepta:ADR005) was used as the secondary antibody.

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human esophageal squamous carcinoma tissue using AP80078 performed on the Abcarta® FAIP-48 Fully automated IHC platform.Tissue was fixed with formaldehyde at room temperature, antigen retrieval was by heat mediation with a EDTA buffer (pH9. 0). Samples were incubated with primary antibody for 15 min at room temperature. AmpSeeTM Detection Systems(Abcepta:ADR005) was used as the secondary antibody.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded NCI-H226 (left) and HEK 293 transfected with PD-L1(right) using AP80078 performed on the Abcarta® FAIP-48 Fully automated IHC platform.Cell was fixed with formaldehyde at room temperature, antigen retrieval was by heat mediation with a EDTA buffer (pH9. 0). Samples were incubated with primary antibody for 15 min at room temperature. AmpSeeTM Detection Systems(Abcepta:ADR005) was used as the secondary antibody.

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