

PI3KR1 Antibody (N-term L11)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP8023d

Product Information

Application IF, WB, FC, IHC-P-Leica, E

Primary Accession <u>P27986</u>

Other AccessionQ63787, P26450, P23727ReactivityHuman, Rat, MousePredictedMouse, Rat, Bovine

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Clone Names RB11634
Calculated MW 83598
Antigen Region 1-30

Additional Information

Gene ID 5295

Other Names Phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase regulatory subunit alpha, PI3-kinase regulatory

subunit alpha, PI3K regulatory subunit alpha, PtdIns-3-kinase regulatory subunit alpha, Phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase 85 kDa regulatory subunit alpha, PI3-kinase subunit p85-alpha, PtdIns-3-kinase regulatory subunit p85-alpha,

PIK3R1, GRB1

Target/Specificity This PI3KR1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 1-30 amino acids from the N-terminal

region of human PI3KR1.

Dilution IF~~1:25 WB~~1:1000 FC~~1:25 IHC-P-Leica~~1:500 E~~Use at an assay

dependent concentration.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions PI3KR1 Antibody (N-term L11) is for research use only and not for use in

diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name PIK3R1

Synonyms GRB1

Function Binds to activated (phosphorylated) protein-Tyr kinases, through its SH2

domain, and acts as an adapter, mediating the association of the p110 catalytic unit to the plasma membrane. Necessary for the insulin-stimulated increase in glucose uptake and glycogen synthesis in insulin-sensitive tissues. Plays an important role in signaling in response to FGFR1, FGFR2, FGFR3, FGFR4, KITLG/SCF, KIT, PDGFRA and PDGFRB. Likewise, plays a role in ITGB2 signaling (PubMed:17626883, PubMed:19805105, PubMed:7518429). Modulates the cellular response to ER stress by promoting nuclear translocation of XBP1 isoform 2 in a ER stress- and/or insulin-dependent manner during metabolic overloading in the liver and hence plays a role in

glucose tolerance improvement (PubMed: 20348923).

Tissue Location Isoform 2 is expressed in skeletal muscle and brain, and at lower levels in

kidney and cardiac muscle. Isoform 2 and isoform 4 are present in skeletal

muscle (at protein level)

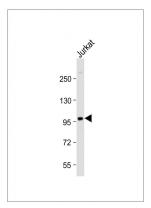
Background

Phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase phosphorylates the inositol ring of phosphatidylinositol at the 3-prime position. The enzyme comprises a 110 kD catalytic subunit and a regulatory subunit of either 85, 55, or 50 kD. This gene encodes the 85 kD regulatory subunit. Phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase plays an important role in the metabolic actions of insulin, and a mutation in this gene has been associated with insulin resistance.

References

Kobayashi, H., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 279(8):6371-6379 (2004). Liu, H., et al., J. Cell Biol. 164(4):603-612 (2004). Sun, M., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 278(44):42992-43000 (2003). Khan, N.A., et al., J. Neurovirol. 9(6):584-593 (2003). Lee, H.Y., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 278(26):23630-23638 (2003).

Images



Anti-PI3KR1 Antibody (N-term L11) at 1:2000 dilution + Jurkat whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size: 84 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Citations

• Knockdown of AGR2 induces cellular senescence in prostate cancer cells.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.