

PIP5KI gamma (PIP5K1G) Antibody (C-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP8039b

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, E
Primary Accession	<u>060331</u>
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	73260
Antigen Region	637-668

Additional Information

Gene ID	23396
Other Names	Phosphatidylinositol 4-phosphate 5-kinase type-1 gamma, PIP5K1-gamma, PtdIns(4)P-5-kinase 1 gamma, Phosphatidylinositol 4-phosphate 5-kinase type I gamma, PIP5KIgamma, PIP5K1C, KIAA0589
Target/Specificity	This PIP5KI gamma (PIP5K1G) antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 637-668 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human PIP5KI gamma (PIP5K1G).
Dilution	WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:100~500 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	PIP5KI gamma (PIP5K1G) Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	PIP5K1C (<u>HGNC:8996</u>)
Synonyms	KIAA0589
Function	Catalyzes the phosphorylation of phosphatidylinositol 4- phosphate (PtdIns(4)P/PI4P) to form phosphatidylinositol 4,5- bisphosphate

	(PtdIns(4,5)P2/PIP2), a lipid second messenger that regulates several cellular processes such as signal transduction, vesicle trafficking, actin cytoskeleton dynamics, cell adhesion, and cell motility (PubMed:12422219, PubMed:22942276). PtdIns(4,5)P2 can directly act as a second messenger or can be utilized as a precursor to generate other second messengers: inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate (IP3), diacylglycerol (DAG) or phosphatidylinositol-3,4,5-trisphosphate (PtdIns(3,4,5)P3/PIP3) (Probable). PIP5K1A-mediated phosphorylation of PtdIns(4,5)P3/PIP3) (Probable). PIP5K1A-mediated phosphorylation of PtdIns(4,5)P2 that induces controlled actin depolymerization to facilitate Fc-gamma-R clustering. Mediates RAC1-dependent reorganization of actin filaments. Required for synaptic vesicle transport (By similarity). Controls the plasma membrane pool of PtdIns(4,5)P2 implicated in synaptic vesicle endocytosis and exocytosis (PubMed:12847086). Plays a role in endocytosis mediated by clathrin and AP-2 (adaptor protein complex 2) (PubMed:1242086). Required for clathrin-coated pits assembly at the synapse (PubMed:17261850). Participates in cell junction assembly (PubMed:17261850). Modulates adherens junctions formation by facilitating CDH1/cadherin trafficking (PubMed:17261850). Required for uropodium formation and retraction of the cell rear during directed migration (By similarity). Has a role in growth factor-stimulated directional cell migration and adhesion (By similarity). Required for talin assembly into nascent adhesions forming at the leading edge toward the direction of the growth factor (PubMed:17635937). Negatively r
Cellular Location	Cell membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q5I6B8}. Endomembrane system {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q5I6B8}. Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:070161}. Cell junction, focal adhesion. Cell junction, adherens junction. Cell projection, ruffle membrane {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q5I6B8}. Cell projection, phagocytic cup {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:070161}. Cell projection, uropodium {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:070161}. Note=Detected in plasma membrane invaginations. Isoform 3 is detected in intracellular vesicle-like structures
Tissue Location	[Isoform 1]: Isoform 1 is strongly expressed in brain and also detected in heart and lung [Isoform 3]: Isoform 3 is detected in large amounts in heart and large intestine, is also present in lung, pancreas and thyroid, and to a lesser extent in brain, stomach and kidney

Background

PIP5K1G is a member of the type I phosphatidylinositol-4-phosphate 5-kinase family of enzymes. A similar protein in mice is found in synapses and focal adhesion plaques, and binds the FERM domain of talin through its C-terminus.

References

Ling, K., et al., Nature 420(6911):89-93 (2002). Di Paolo, G., et al., Nature 420(6911):85-89 (2002). Ishihara, H., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 273(15):8741-8748 (1998).

Images



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