



CALM1 Antibody (C-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP8549b

Product Information

Application WB, FC, IHC-P, IF, E

Primary Accession PODP23

Other Accession P05419, P62155, P62161, P62160, P62204, P62152, Q6PI52, P62149, O16305,

P62157, NP_008819

Reactivity Human

Predicted Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Zebrafish, Chicken, Xenopus, Bovine, C.Elegans,

Drosophila

HostRabbitClonalityPolyclonalIsotypeRabbit IgGClone NamesRB21103Calculated MW16838Antigen Region107-132

Additional Information

Gene ID 801;805;808

Other Names Calmodulin, CaM, CALM1, CALM, CAM, CAM1

Target/Specificity This CALM1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 107-132 amino acids from the

C-terminal region of human CALM1.

Dilution WB~~1:1000 FC~~1:10~50 IHC-P~~1:100~500 IF~~1:10~50 E~~Use at an assay

dependent concentration.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.05% (V/V) Proclin 300. This

antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation

followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions CALM1 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in

diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name CALM1 {ECO:0000303 | PubMed:7925473, ECO:0000312 | HGNC:HGNC:1442}

Function

Calmodulin acts as part of a calcium signal transduction pathway by mediating the control of a large number of enzymes, ion channels, aquaporins and other proteins through calcium-binding (PubMed: 16760425, PubMed:23893133, PubMed:26969752, PubMed:27165696, PubMed: 28890335, PubMed: 31454269, PubMed: 35568036). Calcium-binding is required for the activation of calmodulin (PubMed:16760425, PubMed:23893133, PubMed:26969752, PubMed:27165696, PubMed: <u>28890335</u>, PubMed: <u>31454269</u>, PubMed: <u>35568036</u>). Among the enzymes to be stimulated by the calmodulin-calcium complex are a number of protein kinases, such as myosin light-chain kinases and calmodulin-dependent protein kinase type II (CaMK2), and phosphatases (PubMed: 16760425, PubMed: 23893133, PubMed: 26969752, PubMed:27165696, PubMed:28890335, PubMed:31454269, PubMed:35568036). Together with CCP110 and centrin, is involved in a genetic pathway that regulates the centrosome cycle and progression through cytokinesis (PubMed: 16760425). Is a regulator of voltage- dependent L-type calcium channels (PubMed:31454269). Mediates calcium- dependent inactivation of CACNA1C (PubMed: 26969752). Positively regulates calcium-activated potassium channel activity of KCNN2 (PubMed:27165696). Forms a potassium channel complex with KCNQ1 and regulates electrophysiological activity of the channel via calcium-binding (PubMed:25441029). Acts as a sensor to modulate the endoplasmic reticulum contacts with other organelles mediated by VMP1:ATP2A2 (PubMed: 28890335).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle pole. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Cell projection, cilium, flagellum {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P0DP26} Note=Distributed throughout the cell during interphase, but during mitosis becomes dramatically localized to the spindle poles and the spindle microtubules

Background

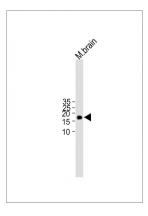
CALM1 is a member of the EF-hand calcium-binding protein family. Calmodulin mediates the control of a large number of enzymes and other proteins by Ca(2+). Among the enzymes to be stimulated by the calmodulin-Ca(2+) complex are a number of protein kinases and phosphatases. Together with CEP110 and centrin, is involved in a genetic pathway that regulates the centrosome cycle and progression through cytokinesis.

References

Zhao,D., et.al., Zhonghua Yi Xue Za Zhi 88 (35), 2452-2456 (2008) Martins-de-Souza,D., et.al., J. Neural Transm. 116 (3), 275-289 (2009)

Images

All lanes: Anti-CALM1 Antibody (C-term) at 1:1000 dilution Lane 1: mouse brain lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated (ASP1615) at 1/15000 dilution. Observed band size: 17kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.



Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.