

# MICA Antibody (Center)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP8626c

### **Product Information**

**Application** WB, IHC-P, FC, IF, E

Primary Accession

Reactivity
Human

Host
Clonality
Polyclonal
Isotype
Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW
Accession

Q29983
Human
Rabbit
Rabbit
About IgG
Rabbit IgG
68-97

### **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 100507436

Other Names MHC class I polypeptide-related sequence A, MIC-A, MICA

{ECO:0000312|EMBL:CAI419071}

**Target/Specificity** This MICA antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 68-97 amino acids from the Central

region of human MICA.

**Dilution** WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:100~500 FC~~1:25 IF~~1:25 E~~Use at an assay

dependent concentration.

**Format** Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** MICA Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic

or therapeutic procedures.

### **Protein Information**

Name MICA {ECO:0000312 | EMBL:CAI41907.1}

**Function** Widely expressed membrane-bound protein which acts as a ligand to

stimulate an activating receptor KLRK1/NKG2D, expressed on the surface of essentially all human natural killer (NK), gammadelta T and CD8 alphabeta T-cells (PubMed:11491531, PubMed:11777960). Up- regulated in stressed

conditions, such as viral and bacterial infections or DNA damage response, serves as signal of cellular stress, and engagement of KLRK1/NKG2D by MICA triggers NK-cells resulting in a range of immune effector functions, such as cytotoxicity and cytokine production (PubMed:10426993).

#### **Cellular Location**

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Cytoplasm Note=Expressed on the cell surface in gastric epithelium, endothelial cells and fibroblasts and in the cytoplasm in keratinocytes and monocytes. Infection with human adenovirus 5 suppresses cell surface expression due to the adenoviral E3-19K protein which causes retention in the endoplasmic reticulum.

#### **Tissue Location**

Widely expressed with the exception of the central nervous system where it is absent. Expressed predominantly in gastric epithelium and also in monocytes, keratinocytes, endothelial cells, fibroblasts and in the outer layer of Hassal's corpuscles within the medulla of normal thymus. In skin, expressed mainly in the keratin layers, basal cells, ducts and follicles. Also expressed in many, but not all, epithelial tumors of lung, breast, kidney, ovary, prostate and colon. In thyomas, overexpressed in cortical and medullar epithelial cells. Tumors expressing MICA display increased levels of gamma delta T-cells.

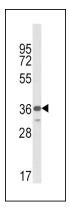
# **Background**

MICA is the higly polymorphic MHC (HLA) class I chain-related gene A. The protein product is expressed on the cell surface, although unlike canonical class I molecules does not seem to associate with beta-2-microglobulin. It is thought that MICA functions as a stress-induced antigen that is broadly recognized by intestinal epithelial gamma delta T cells.

## References

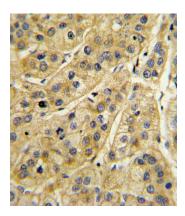
Bahram, S., et.al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 91 (14), 6259-6263 (1994) Klein, J. et.al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 91 (14), 6251-6252 (1994) Parham, P., et.al., J. Immunol. 142 (11), 3937-3950 (1989)

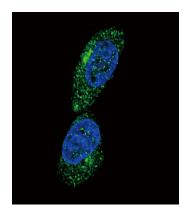
# **Images**



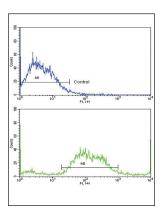
Western blot analysis of MICA Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AP8626c) in MDA-MB231 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). MICA (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.

Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human hepatocarcinoma with MICA Antibody (Center), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.





Confocal immunofluorescent analysis of MICA Antibody (Center)(Cat#AP8626c) with MDA-MB231 cell followed by Alexa Fluor搴?488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit lgG (green). DAPI was used to stain the cell nuclear (blue).



Flow cytometric analysis of SK-Br-3 cells using MICA Antibody (Center)(bottom histogram) compared to a negative control cell (top histogram). FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

# **Citations**

- Allele Specific Expression of MICA Variants in Human Fibroblasts Suggests a Pathogenic Mechanism.
- 2-deoxy D-glucose prevents cell surface expression of NKG2D ligands through inhibition of N-linked glycosylation.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.