

# RBBP7 Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP8826a

### **Product Information**

**Application** WB, FC, E **Primary Accession** Q16576

Other Accession Q8AVH1, Q71UF4, Q60973, Q4R304, Q3SWX8

Reactivity Human

**Predicted** Bovine, Monkey, Mouse, Rat, Xenopus

HostRabbitClonalityPolyclonalIsotypeRabbit IgGClone NamesRB23612Calculated MW47820Antigen Region1-30

# **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 5931

**Other Names** Histone-binding protein RBBP7, Histone acetyltransferase type B subunit 2,

Nucleosome-remodeling factor subunit RBAP46, Retinoblastoma-binding protein 7, RBBP-7, Retinoblastoma-binding protein p46, RBBP7, RBAP46

**Target/Specificity** This RBBP7 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 1-30 amino acids from the N-terminal

region of human RBBP7.

**Dilution** WB~~1:1000 FC~~1:10~50 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

**Format** Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** RBBP7 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in

diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## **Protein Information**

Name RBBP7

Synonyms RBAP46

#### **Function**

Core histone-binding subunit that may target chromatin remodeling factors, histone acetyltransferases and histone deacetylases to their histone substrates in a manner that is regulated by nucleosomal DNA. Component of several complexes which regulate chromatin metabolism. These include the type B histone acetyltransferase (HAT) complex, which is required for chromatin assembly following DNA replication; the core histone deacetylase (HDAC) complex, which promotes histone deacetylation and consequent transcriptional repression; the nucleosome remodeling and histone deacetylase complex (the NuRD complex), which promotes transcriptional repression by histone deacetylation and nucleosome remodeling; and the PRC2/EED-EZH2 complex, which promotes repression of homeotic genes during development; and the NURF (nucleosome remodeling factor) complex.

**Cellular Location** 

**Nucleus** 

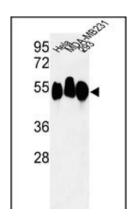
# **Background**

RBBP7 is a ubiquitously expressed nuclear protein and belongs to a highly conserved subfamily of WD-repeat proteins. It is found among several proteins that binds directly to retinoblastoma protein, which regulates cell proliferation. This protein is found in many histone deacetylase complexes, including mSin3 co-repressor complex. It is also present in protein complexes involved in chromatin assembly. This protein can interact with BRCA1 tumor-suppressor gene and may have a role in the regulation of cell proliferation and differentiation.

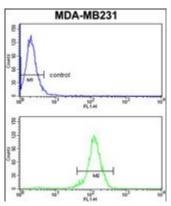
# References

Zhang, Y., et.al., Mol. Cell 1 (7), 1021-1031 (1998) Verreault, A., et.al., Curr. Biol. 8 (2), 96-108 (1998)

# **Images**



Western blot analysis of RBBP7 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP8826a) in Hela, MDA-MB231, 293 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). RBBP7 (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.



RBBP7 Antibody (N-term) (Cat.#AP8826a) flow cytometry analysis of MDA-MB231 cells (bottom histogram) compared to a negative control cell (top histogram). FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.